THE BEAVER ARGUS.

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Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention, those of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

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apr24'67. O. R. ANSHUTZ.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 49—No. 48. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, November 27, 1867. Established 1818

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nov6'67:6m Agent.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after Oct. 6th, 1867, Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 4:50, P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburgh	615AM	1220AM	215PM	200AM
Rochester	815	1040	335	310
Salem	1031	1222PM	533	458
Alliance	1140	110	630	535
Canton	1217PM	156	717	618
Massillon	1257	240	736	655
Orrville	113	255	813	708
Wooster	216	315	840	735
Mansfield	405	500	1014	907
Crestline	445	520	1045	955
	600AM	610	1120	1040
Bucyrus	620	640	1150	1029
Upper Sandusky	708	722	1222AM	1105
Forest	739	755	1258	1136
Lima	909	910	216	1248PM
Van Wert	1034	1020	330	152
Fort Wayne	1220PM	1145	520	330
Columbia	110	1230AM	604	415
Warsaw	200	121	654	502
Plymouth	230	225	751	600
Valparaiso	436	357	927	735
Chicago	700	550	1120	920

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's
Chicago	720AM	1020PM	450PM	450AM
Valparaiso	904	1216AM	627AM	700
Plymouth	1025	151	810	845
Warsaw	1133	253	901	947
Columbia	1210PM	340	944	1037
Fort Wayne	125	455	1030	1135
Van Wert	320	534	1125	112P
Lima	352	559	1254AM	257
Forest	439	813	141	354
Upper Sandusky	503	838	206	424
Bucyrus	538	918PM	244	511
	605	945	310	550
Crestline	625	1005	330	600AM
Mansfield	657	1040	348	636
Wooster	840	1227	516	822
Orrville	907	1237	540	855
Massillon	943	137	613	933
Canton	1004	156	633	1000
Alliance	1100	255	730	1115
Salem	1132	327	750	1149
Rochester	125AM	515	940	215PM
Pittsburgh	230	625	1045	340

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leave Youngstown at 2:50 p. m; New Castle, 3:40 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 6:30 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 6:00 a. m; arr. at N. Castle, 8:25 a. m; Youngstown, 9:50.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 5:45 a. m; New Castle, 7:20 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny, 3:30 p. m; arrives New Castle, 6:20 p. m; Youngstown, 7:30 p. m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agent.*

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after Oct. 6, 1867, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	830AM	1210PM	.....	345PM
Euclid Street	851	1221	.....	356
Hudson	935	109	.....	510
Ravenna	1010	141	.....	546
Alliance	1110	223	.....	630
Bayard	1144	253	.....	.....
Wellsville	120PM	410	.....	.....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	.....	Accom
Wellsville	850AM	410PM	.....	.....
Bayard	1022	535	.....	.....
Alliance	1115	615	.....	715AM
Ravenna	1201PM	652	.....	810
Hudson	1234	748	.....	850
Euclid Street	157	804	.....	1002
Cleveland	150	815	.....	1015

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Bellair	155PM	559AM	1040AM	.....
Bridgeport	203	605	1050	.....
Steubenville	304	723	1158	.....
Wellsville	440	850	140PM	610
Smith's Ferry	502	942	202	645
Beaver	540	942	230	734
Rochester	550	920	240	745
Pittsburgh	655	1025	350	910

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Pittsburgh	615AM	200PM	435PM	330PM
Rochester	725	305	545	445
Beaver	733	315	555	542
Smith's Ferry	812	343	628	544
Wellsville	845	420	710	630
Steubenville	950	530	808	.....
Bridgeport	1112	630	912	.....
Bellair	1125	640	925	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia, 650 p. m;	Bayard, 955, am
Bayard, 12:05 m.	N. Philadelphia 5:40pm

F. R. MEYERS, General Ticket Agent.

TWO PICTURES.

BY ELIZA F. MOHARTY.

I.

Cloudless and bright the heavens,
Sparkling and blue the sea;
A ship upon the waters,
Sailing away from me.

Two little hands are waiving
Love's passionate adieu;
Though weary years have vanished,
It all comes back to view.

My wife is seated near me;
I gaze upon her face,
And love her for her beauty,
Her goodness and her grace.

And yet there floats between us
A vision of lost years—
The beauteous love of boyhood
That all the past endears.

The sunshine of contentment
Smiles softly o'er my life;
My purest joy is loving
My fair and cherished wife.

And yet there comes between us
A memory of lost years,
That moves the springs of sorrow
And breaks in sudden tears.

Scowling and dark the heavens,
Heaving and wild the sea;
A shattered bulk is sinking
'Mid cries of agony.

Two hands in prayer uplifted
Upon the wreck-strewn shore;
Though long, long years have vanished,
It haunts me evermore.

II.

Smiling and clear the heavens,
Peaceful the earth below;
My first love bending o'er me,
With blissful words breathed low.

Two thrilling hands are clasping
My own, entreatingly;
These hours, forever vanished,
Still live in memory.

Another now is near me—
The husband of my choice—
I lean my cares upon him,
And in his love rejoice.

And yet this steals between us
A dream of long ago;
I scarcely thought a memory
Could ever more me so.

My life like some calm river,
Flows toward the land of rest;
My husband's fond devotion
The sun-line on its breast.

And yet there drifts between us
A cloud that melts in tears,
Which memory's breeze hath wafted
Through all the realms of years.

Shrouded and sad the heavens,
Dreary the earth below;
Within its cold, dark bosom
My first love lying low.

Two hands in anguish wringing,
Tears falling silently;
Though weary years have vanished,
It all comes back to me.

NASBY.

A MEETING AT THE CORNERS DO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE BEST AND MOST FEASIBLE METHODS OF PRESERVING TO THE DEMOCRACY THE STATES THEY WON THIS FALL.

POST OFFICE, CONFEDERIT X ROADS (Wich is in the Stait uv Kuentucky), Oct. 30, 1867. I wuz sittin in the Post Offis, day before yesterday, cogitatin over the glorious results uv the Ohio and Pennsylvany elections, and hopin for an ekally good report from Noo York; thinkin the while that perhaps ef my hopes wuz realized, and such a Constooshnel Dimokrat ez Pendleton or Seymour shood be elected, I mite, in consideration uv my long and I bleeve valuable services, aspire to suthin higher, and better, and more profitable than a Post Offis, sich ez I nin at present holdin. I do not complain, for the posishen has bin the means uv establishin a credit upon wich I hev lived thus far comfortable, but yet I shood prefer a place where the salary wood be sufficient to give me enuff so that I cood lay up suthin for old age. The time is not far off when my individoel exertions will not supply my wants.

I felt good over the victory, and it seemed to me ez tho we ought to speak ez Kentuckians, to our brethren North, instructin uv em how to hold the Staits which they have won for us. When I decide upon a pint, I alluz act, and so it wuz this time.

I give notis, by Issaker Gavitt, that the Corners wood assemble at the tootin uv the horn, for the purpose uv sendin forth the voice uv Kentucky to the Staits North. The evenin come, the horn was tooted from the steps uv the church, and the entire Corners wuz there. Deekin Pogram wuz in his regular seat; Issaker Gavitt wuz in his sainted father's place, wich hez gone hentz, Kernel McPelter wuz there, and also the others who made up the male population uv the Corners, and their wives. It was a glorious meetin, and I wuz a rubbin my hands and feelin good at the prospeck uv an improvin occasion, when to my utter disgust, I saw the door open and Joe Bigler, who wuz born to be my pest, come in, with Pollock, and twenty-five niggers, old and young, male and female, white, yaller and black, and all uv em took seats together in the corner uv the church. I knowd by the meek look uv the niggers, and the eggstreem quietood uv Bigler himself, that suthin waz up, which would of course develope itself. Bigler and Pollock generally develop.

I opened the meetin by remarks that the times wore an auspicshus look. The power uv the nigger in Amerikan politices hed bin demonstrated. The nigger hed bin so manipulated in Ohio and Pennsylvany, ez to give up these States, which we cood hold ef we choose. But the Dimocracy uv Ohio and Pennsylvany hed a work to do, which they cannot neglect with safety. They hed declared the nigger inferior to the Caucashen, which he undeniably is, and they must keep him so. The nigger must be kept jist eggsactly where he is, to serve ez a irritant to Democrisy. Ohio gives the niggers uv that State certain facilities for learnin to read and write, accomplishments which no laborin class which is to be guided, controlled and worked exclooshively by a superior class needs or hez any biznis with. So soon ez a man begins to reed he begins to hev a inquirin mind, and begins to fool a dissatisfaction with his speer. Let Ohio repeal these laws to wunst, that the niggers may—

"Reverse the arrangement," sed Joe Bigler, risin, "and git to be the superior uv the white. Is that is, professer?"

"Not eggsackly that," returned I—not knowin what he wuz drivin at—"but ez Hevin ordained the niggers to be inferior to us, and serve us, it looks rather dangerous to us—"

"To give him a chance to rise. That what's yoor gettin at, I see. I am, as always, wuz a Dimocrat, ez yoo knoo, but I don't shudder from that cause—not any. I hev faith in the Lord, which yoo appear to lack, wich is strange, considerin yoor profeshen. Ef my colored friends here wuz ordained by the Almighty to alluz okkepy an inferior position to us, why they'll do it anyhow, onless, indeed, we degrade ourselves below their level.—Ef I understand yoor idee, it is that the proud Caucashen is the only favored race, which fixes its own posishen itself, for that all the other races hed places assigned them, wich Godalmity hevin fixed, they can't pass. That boin the case, wat's the yooze, Professer uv our foolin away our time a tryin to strengthen his laws by an act uv ours? Ef the Almighty fixed it so, kin we do it any better than he?'

"But sposn the nigger, or we d on't keep him down by law, shood rise above us?"

"I shood unanimously conclood that ther hed bin a mistake in the figgers, and that we wuz, after all, the sons uv Ham, and they the sons uv Japheth. How wood you like that? But that ain't wat ails us. There, professer, ain't where our danger is. Dimocrisy, like a man with a tape-worm, carries the elements uv its own destruck shun. Miscegenashun is wat's sappin the foundashuns uv the party.—Agreein with you that the nigger's place i s fixed, and that the Dimocrisy coodent get along a minit without the nigger, I here utter my solemn warnin again the amalgamashun uv the races, because that race is our rock, and onto that we stand. Wat sense is there in wastin our capital, or ruther dilutin it?"

"Wat do yo mean?" askt I, not gettin at the drift uv wat he wuz drivin at.

"Mean! My Meanin is plain. The blacker the nigger is the further he is below us—the whiter he is the nearer our equal he is.

In this calculashun we don't take intelligence or virchoo, or anything of the kind into account, but perceed upon the hypothesis that a dovlish mean white man is considerable better than a smart and honest nigger.—Therefore, any drop uv white blood in a nigg ar's veins makes him just a drop less objectionable. Look at the illustrations which I hev brought with me to illustrate my pint.—The light colored niggers will rise."

And every cussed one uv em got up ez ef by magic and I saw to wunst what he wuz goin for.

"Yoo see, Perfesser, I hev here twenty-two spilled niggers. Every one uv them ought to hev bin the son or daughter uv two pure niggers, but they aint. This ones mother, for instance," and he laid his hand upon the shoulder uv a likely quadroon uv eighteen years, "wuz wunst the property uv Deekin Pogram, wich circumstances accounts for her hevin the Pogram nose and general cast uv countenance to an alarming degree, and—"

Ther wuz a piecrcin shriek heard, and Mrs. Pogram was carried out faintin, and the Deekin turned ez red ez a lobster, while Bigler, ez solemn ez a Judge, went on—

"This girl wuz unst the property uv Deekin McGrath, who is, I notis, here to-nite. Melissy stand up," sed he, and a likely mulatto woman ariz. "You will notis," sed he, that Melissy is rather dark, while her girl wich you see afore yoo, is quite a half lighter. The race bleached out considerable on Deekin McGrath's place. I hev in my recollections ten or fifteen more uv various shades, who hev the McGrath face; but—"

Mrs. Deekin McGrath, utterin a shreek uv rage, swung out of the church, while the Deekin to wunst assoomed the color uv his fellow Deekin, Pogram.

"I mite go on, but wherefore? You all see the pint. I can show you in this collecksbun which I hev picked up, the pecoolyer feachers uv the Dingeses, the McPelters, the Bascoms, and every family around these parts—that is the feechers uv the male members uv em. But sence the emancipation, I have notist that this thing hez come to a sudden endin. I hev notist that, sence the niggers hev owned themselves, there aint no more uv this mixter. Yoo purpose, I suppose, agin redoosin uv em to ther normal condishun, and mukin uv em servants and maid servants. Ef this is done, let me entreat yoo brethren to stop the bleachin process. Ef you hev any regard for the Dimocracy don't tolerate it no more. The moment a half-white nigger is born, yoo can't enslave only half uv him, for only half comes under the cuss, and only half under the laws agin niggers. That one-half keeps down to the Ham level, but tother half sores t; the Japheth place in nacher. You can't whale a mulatto with only half the intensity yoo kin a clear-blooded nigger, and when they keep bleachin out, and out, and out, until they are almost white, what then? Wen a nigger is nine-tenths Pogram and only one-tenth nigger, what then? Kin the Deekin be so deaf to the voice of nacher—so bare uv impulse ez to oppose so much Pogram for the sake of gettin his foot on so little nigger? I can't believe it. Besides, when its all run out—when the nigger don't show at all—then wat is to prevent em from walkin off alone and settin up in bizness for themselves ez white men? What will become uv the Dimocrasy then?"

All this time the nlggers wuz titterin, and the white women wuz gaspin for breth, and the men wuz turnin red and white by turns. I arose to rebuke him, when Bigler remarkt that he guest enuff hed bin sed, and that probably the meetin hed better be adjourned.—And the audacious cuss give us two minutes and a half to get out uv the buildin.

I wood give my next quarters salary of the yellow fever wood come to the Corners, pervided I cood be ashoored that Bigler and Pollock wood be victims.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, P. M.

[Wich is Postmaster.]

OLD HYMNS.

The Journal of Commerce has an interesting article on the suggestiveness of old hymns. Three persons are represented as conversing together in a library, and their talk goes on as follows:

Doctor.—An hymn is a great thing. What voices have sung it! An old hymn book is suggestive. What emotion it bears record of! I'm not much of a literary man, and when I get an hour's leisure from the pains and sufferings that occupy my life, I very often find rest in reading old hymns. It is only once in a great while that I have a sensation. I've almost outgrown sensations. When I was fifty years old, I thought it over, and concluded that my profession had worn out the sensational possibilities of my soul. But an old hymn to an old tune convinced me I was mistaken. Last Sunday morning I was driving on my morning round, my mind intent on a case of surgery that had kept me up all night. I was passing a Presbyterian church, in some street, when I heard a strain of familiar music, and I pulled up short, just in time to catch the last words of a verse in the hymn they were singing. Why, Phillips, they speak of the war-horse starting at the sound of the trumpet, so my old heart started at the sound of that hymn and music.

Phillips.—I understrud you. Once I was walking listlesly of a Sunday afternoon through the narrow streets of Cairo, the heart of the orient to this day, as in the days of the caliphs. I came accidentally near the house where some Scotch missionaries reside, and where they and their families were holding service. Out on the strange atmosphere of the old city, whose every stone and lattice, and whose very sky were mysterious, old and incomprehensible, floated with perfect distinctness the words of an old hymn. In an instant I was carried away to the old church in the up-country village, and I leaned against the wall of a house and thought and thought, and thought, till the misty condition of my eyes reminded me where I was. And that wasn't half so powerful a sensation as I had some months later. I never knew a more tempestuous night, for a starry one, than I had in Upper Egypt, when a fierce gale carried my boat through the pass at Hagar Silsicis. About nine o'clock in the evening, I was standing on deck, watching the stars, and listening to the rush of the boat through the brown Nile, swinging and swaying her great sail as she dashed along. Suddenly I caught on the wind the strain of an old tune, and I saw that we were passing a boat which lay near the shore. There were Americans on board, and the very words of the hymn came clearly to our ear, or else I imagined them. Either way, it was a startling interruption to the wildness of the scene. My Arabs were as heedless of it as the wind. They lay on deck, wrapped up in their bournooses, slumbering heavily. The Nubian pilot stood firm at the helm. But to me the sound was like the voice of an angel. What I saw in the next moment's imagination it would take hours to tell. We think swiftly. The vision was one of exceeding beauty and peace—such peace! Do you remember Deacon Stuart Joe?

Steenbrger (waking from a doze.) Deacon Stuart! What—here? I thought he was in glory forty years ago.

Phillips.—Not quite so long, as we count time in this slow world. But twenty-five years ago they buried the good man, then full eighty-five years old, and ripe for heaven. No, he is not coming here to-night, Joe; but if he didn't come to my Nile boat that night with his grand-daughter Kate; then all I can say is that I had a powerful imagination.—Don't you remember when she died? I was a boy. She was the prettiest girl in the whole congregation—older than I was by some five years; but I used to look at her in church, and wonder if anything more beautiful was ever seen in any age or land. When I read of Helen, and Cleopatra, and Lucretia, and all the beauties of old times, it was always with the notion that each one, blonde or brunette, must have looked like Katie Stuart. She died very suddenly. One Sunday morning the church was unusually full; for there had been two deaths in the previous week and a funeral sermon was expected. The day was bitterly cold. The thermometer was twenty degrees below zero all day. I remember how much emotion was visible in the church; for the deaths had been those of young persons very much loved, and there had been a story that one of them, a fine fellow, but long failing, had loved Katie Stuart very dearly. Whether she knew it or not, no one could say. But when the minister had finished a touching sermon, leaving young and old in tears, and gave out the hymn to sing, it was hard to sing it. The precentor got along tolerably well till, he came to the beginning of a verse where he found almost no one to help him, and he sung the first three or four notes with only two or three voices accompanying him, and then he broke down with a sort of sob. Then—I can hear it now; how delicious, how glorious it was!—Katie Stuart's voice, clear as a bird's floated up as if she was inspired, and the very atmosphere was filled with its melody as she sung—

"I would begin the music here,
And so my soul should rise;
Oh for some heavenly notes to bear
My passions to the skies!"

"It was five miles from the church to the Deacon's farm. The old man drove and Katie sat wrapped in buffalo robes by his side in the sleigh. I remember the black horses well. I owned them afterwards. When they started, I was looking at her face. I had watched her from the close of the service. She spoke to no one, but went directly to the sleigh quietly let her grandfather wrap the robes around her, remained silent, and the horses went off at a bound. What the Deacon thought of all the way home no one can imagine; but when he reached home, Katie had gone far away. She was sitting wrapped in the robes, with a smiling face, but cold, and calm, and dead, in the sleigh. That hymn was her last utterance in our language, which, make it as passionate as we may, does not, cannot remotely imitate the songs they sing up yonder."

The Little Lion Tamer.

Harry was a wild boy and kept the whole house in a turmoil. He was terrible mischievous and thoughtless; pumping in his Sunday hat and drinking therefrom, leaving his school books on the roadside while he played ball, and forgetting where they were until they were ruined; and carrying matches, fire crackers and fish hooks in his pockets. What was ever to be done with this boisterous fellow none of the household could forsee. This was master Harry as he was three months ago; today he is another boy, tamed down to the gentleness of a very lamb, moving quietly about the house, waiting on grandma, leaving the kitchen to those who belong there, and hovering morn and night about a certain chamber door. What wrought the change? Who tamed the lion?

One afternoon our noisy hero came home from an expedition which had brought more weariness than fish. Poles, hooks, lines, worms and mud were all deposited on the newly scrubbed kitchen floor, and he shouted as usual:

"I'm hungry, I'm tried! Isn't tea almost ready?"

Usually his answer would have been a threat "I'll tell your mother sir;" but now Bridget looked wonderfully amiable, as she said, "Ye can't guess what we's have got."

"What?" asked Harry.

"A baby!"

"Whose is it?"

"Our own entirely."

"I don't believe you!"

"Ask yer grandmum, in yonder."

"Grandma," shouted Harry, have we got a baby of our own?"

"Yes we have a sweet little sister!" replied the old lady, coming into the kitchen.

"Is it our own, to keep forever?"

"To keep as long as God pleases, my dear. He sent it to us and He can take it away, if we are not thankful!"

"I'm afraid it will die!" cried Harry, looking alarmed. "Can't I look at it, grandma?"

"Yes, my dear, if you step very softly. It is a frail, delicate little thing, which must be very tenderly nursed for some time. If you should handle it as you do the cat or dog, you would kill it in a moment."

"Why, grandma?"

Babies were a class of the community with whom Harry had very little intercourse. He now brought out his slippers—their office was a sinecure, he never having time to wear them—washed his face and hands, brushed his hair and then followed grandma up stairs on tiptoe,—a style of walking he had never tried before. He went into the chamber, and there wrapped in a blanket, and lying in the rocking-chair was she whom we call "The little Lion Tamer." Harry touched the velvet cheek, lifted the tiny hands, and examined the wondrous frame. Tears filled his eyes as he kissed his mother, and said, "O mother wasn't it kind in God to send it here? I do hope it won't die!" From that hour he has been subdued; and if at any time the old boisterousness returns, a glance from those baby eyes, or a wail from the little lips, brings him back again to his new found gentleness. The silent influence of the helpless babe has done for Harry what neither the discipline of home nor the chastisement of school could ever accomplish.

Seymour in the Field.

Horatio Seymour has been nominated for President, and the initiative has been taken in precisely the right quarter. His trumpeter is Gen. John A. Green, of Syracuse, who no doubt during the rebellion, embodied more of the *virus* of treason, secession, and rebellion than was to be found north of Maryland, except under the jacket of some skulking fugitive of rebeldom, who was too cowardly to fight for his cause, and hence sought his way surreptitiously through our territory to Canada. Gen. Green proclaims Mr. Seymour as a candidate for the Presidency, and his flat is now law with the Democratic party. This we regard as settling the question.

It would be well to bring the two sides of the late issue from which came a sacrifice of so much life, blood and treasure in open contest in the next Presidential campaign, and we see no way in which it can be more definitely done than by drawing the party lines over the backs of Ulysses S. Grant and Horatio Seymour. The one defended the Government and the Nation through the perils of that dreadful struggle, while the other had sympathies which prompted him to a continual leaning to the side of secession during the contest. Let it be fought out on that line, and under those leaders, say we. There is a fitness of things in such an issue that will be apparent to every loyal man in the nation.—*Har. Tel.*

Says a Washington letter: It appears that no purchasers can be found for the wardrobe of Mrs. Lincoln, and it may be that the dresses, laces, &c., have not been well described. Accounts of such articles as were worn by the money-seeking lady at her receptions and levees at the White House can be had here, on application to the reporters of the local papers. She used to furnish them, in her own handwriting, that nothing might be overlooked or wrongly described.

A student, or doctor's assistant in St. Thomas's Hospital, London, actually dined off a corpse lately. The case was investigated and the cannibal dismissed in disgrace.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measured as a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged *invariably* ten cents a line for each insertion.

Marriages and deaths announced free of charge.

The publisher reserves the right to change advertisements from one place in the paper to another whenever it is desirable to do so.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Americans in Egypt.

There has been of late some trouble between the Egyptian Government and some American missionaries. The latter, who belong to the United Presbyterian Church of this country, have had for years a highly flourishing mission among the Copts, the native Christians of Egypt. They have established a number of schools which were visited by children of all creeds, a theological seminary, and a press, thus throwing quite a ferment among the petrified Church of the Copts. The latter number about 150,000 souls, and with the exception of the Abyssinians, are the most ignorant and the most degraded of the so-called Eastern Churches. The Patriarch of the Copts, like the Patriarchs of the other Eastern Churches, enjoys a kind of temporal jurisdiction over the members of his Church.

The influence of the American missionaries upon the Coptic population was, of course, regarded by the Patriarch with the utmost dissatisfaction, but nothing was done to the arrest of the movement until early in the present year, when the Patriarch made a journey through the Coptic districts of Egypt, and instituted the most barbarous prosecution against all associating with the American missionaries, closing their schools, inflicting bodily punishments and even procuring the banishment of some of the leaders of the Protestant movement. All this was at first silently indorsed by the Egyptian Government, and at length openly approved. That the American missionaries were included in the decree of banishment has not before been stated, and is probably one of the many errors of the Cable dispatches. At all events however, the work of many years of toil and sacrifice was wantonly threatened with utter destruction.

The American Consul-General of Egypt very properly has used his diplomatic influence with the Egyptian Government in behalf of his persecuted countrymen, and, if the Cable dispatch can be relied upon, his efforts have finally been crowned with success. At least, it is stated the Viceroy of Egypt has repealed the decree of banishment against the Copts who had joined the American missions.

Thus the cause of religious toleration has gained a new triumph in the far East. In Western Europe public opinion is almost everywhere overwhelmingly in favor of introducing full liberty of religious worship; but in the East the progress has been less rapid. We have during the current year had new exhibitions of intolerance in Russia, in Roumania, in Constantinople, and elsewhere; but everywhere there are strong influences at work in favor of religous liberty, and the favorable issue in Egypt affords a new hope that the progress toward religious liberty will be in the East as steady, if not as rapid as in the West.—*N. Y. Tribune of Nov.* 19.

We learn from the Getty shurgh *Star* that previous to the late October election, the Democracy of this State "sounded" Major General Meade as to his fitness for the Presidency. The politicians presented the case very plausibly and urged the General to become their candidate. He replied substantially that there were three difficulties in the way:—

First—He preferred his present position—A Major General in the regular army.

Second—He had no taste for the duties of the Presidency.

Third—He called himself a Republican, and intended voting the Republican ticket at the October election.

The "committee" were satisfied that nothing could be done, and left in deep, but deserved humiliation. The hero of our great battle is faithful to the flag, and to the principles for which he has fought.

A Nasby Version of the Scriptures.

Nasby, writing from his "military and biblical institute" in Kentucky, records one effect of the defeat of equal suffrage in Ohio:

The Fakulty of the Institoot met next mornin' for the purpus uv revisin' the Scripters. It wuz desided that the word white shood be inserted wherever necessary, and that the dishun only be yoosed by the Dimocracy and Conservative Republikins. We made progress, the follerin' bein' a few uv the changes:

"So God creatid a white man in his own image."

"Whosoever, therefore, shall confess me before white men," &c.

"Suffer little white children to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom uv Heaven."

Wich last is comfortin, ez it shows that the distineshen is kept up through all eternity. I give these merely as samples. We shel have it finisht in a few days, and ef funds can be raised, shel publish it. Sich a vershun of the Scripters is needed.

A. J. last week spoke a piece. The country will be rejoiced to know that he thanked God—that he relied upon the people—that he has no idea of "going back" upon the Constitution—that "the rod of despotism will be broken, the armed heel of power lifted from the necks of the people," and so on. The speech is remarkable for not swinging around the circle and for the absence of any allusion to the fact that his Excellency was formerly Mayor of his native village—and that now he has reached the hight of his ambition. Andy is in better hands now than when he went to Chicago.—*N. Y. Tribune of Nov.* 14.

An "improved nursing apparatus" is advertised. We don't believe the old way can be improved very much. There are some things that are about complete at the beginning.

As a funeral party in Houston was bearing a victim of yellow fever to his grave the supposed corpse kicked off the cover of his coffin and indignantly insisted that the pall-bearers should carry him back. He is now recovering

The Beaver Argus.

J. J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., November 27, 1867.

A CHANGE has taken place in the editorial management of the Washington *Reporter*, published in our neighboring county. Col. James Armstrong has retired, and J. W. McWilliams takes his place. The *Reporter* has been an excellent Republican paper, and we judge the recent change will in no sense prove disadvantageous to the party nor to the people among whom it is published.

ELECTIONS were held last week in North and South Carolina. The ex-rebels, as a general thing refused to participate, and the result is, both States have decided in favor of State Conventions, and elected a majority of radicals as delegates to attend them. Some few negroes were among those chosen as delegates.

The standing Committees of the House of Representatives were anounced on last Monday by speaker Colfax. We will publish them in full in our next. We may state now however, that Gen Schenck of Ohio, is made the Chairman of the Ways & Means Committee and Mr Stevens is continued as Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations.

THE Republicans of Blair county, this State, have nominated Gen. Grant for President, and Gen. Geary for Vice President, and have also selected Hon. L. W. Hall as a delegate to the next Republican State Convention.

There is too much "military" in that ticket, hence, we are opposed to it. Grant and Curtin, or Grant and Grow would suit us much better; and with either of these tickets we are confident that we could carry Pennsylvania by a majority of from 25 to 50,000.

THE Democracy of New York City after giving a majority of sixty thousand against the Union ticket at the recent election, appear to be splitting to pieces at the present time on the Mayoralty question. One of the wings of the party have re-nominated Mayor Hoffman, a second has placed Fernando Wood before the people, and still a third has brought forward John H. Anthon. Mr. A. is the choice of the honester portion of the Democracy of the city. The Republicans have nominated William A. Darling, who is said to be one of the best men in New York.—With the split in the Democratic party referred to, hopes are entertained of Mr. Darling's success.

TO-DAY is the day when the Fenians who were sentenced to death in Manchester are to be executed. As the fatal hour approaches, intense excitement has seized the population of the large cities of England, in all of which the Irish element is largely represented. In Parliament, Mr. Maguire of Cork made an effort to save their lives, and was aided by Mr. Fawcett, a prominent English Liberal; but the opinion of the House was manifestly against Mr. Maguire who therefore withdrew his motion. Meetings in opposition to the execution were held in London, Manchester, Birmingham, and probably other cities. The Queen was petitioned to postpone the execution, but she declined to grant the petition in the most direct manner. In Birmingham the demonstration in behalf of the Fenians produced a most intense anti-Fenian feeling, and serious riots were feared. Manchester had the appearance of a besieged city, the Government and the municipal authorities having made the most extensive preparations for the preservation of order.—*N. Y. Tribune 23d ult.*

CONGRESS met pursuant to the July adjournment, on the 21st at noon, most of the members of both Houses being present.

In the Senate the attendance of Spectators was unusually large. Senator Wade, who is now the presiding officer of that body, was in his appointed place at the appointed time, and called the Senators to order. The absentees were Bayard of Delaware, Buckalew of Pennsylvania, Ferry of Connecticut, Guthrie of Kentucky, Henderson of Missouri, Hendricks of Indiana, Howe of Wisconsin, Saulsbury of Delaware and Sprague of Rhode Island.

As soon as business was in order Mr. Sumner presented the petition of 150 colored men of the District of Columbia, setting forth that they have been discharged from employment in the District for having voted the Republican ticket at the recent municipal election. They ask relief by requesting to be put upon Government work. The petition was referred to the District of Columbia Committee. Mr. Edmonds of Vermont introduced a joint resolution declaring the faith of the Government pledged to the redemption of the national debt in coin. He said he desired the resolution to lie upon the table for the present, but hoped the Senate would take it up at an early day, and pass it unanimously. The session lasted but half an hour, and then adjourned until Monday the 25th inst.

In the House the members were nearly all in their seats. As soon as the members were called to order and the customary prayer was over, Judge Woodward, of this State, and Gen. Carey of Ohio were sworn in. The Tennessee members were next called, but strange to say, the Democratic side opposed their being sworn in as members on account of *disloyalty*. A general debate then took place, which resulted in all of the Tennessee Representatives being qualified excepting Mr. Butler, whose credentials were referred to the Committee on elections. It will be remembered that the entire delegation are Republicans, and the idea of the Democrats opposing their admission on the ground of disloyalty is as novel as it is ridiculous. Mr. Robinson, (Dem.) of New York, offered a resolution censuring Minister Adams for not protecting American Fenians in England. This resolution was sent to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and contains more Fenianism than the American people care to adopt. Mr. Ingersoll of Illinois, introduced a bill, and had it referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, which proposes to repeal the existing law authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to retire four millions of greenbacks per month. It also proposes to prohibit any further reduction of the currency in any form by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The House continued in session until 4 P. M. when it adjourned till Monday the 25th.

THE result of the libel suit in this county some ten days ago should teach easily frightened Republicans the necessity of disbelieving stories that are put in circulation by the "enemy" against our candidates on the eve of an election. They charged Capt. Barnes with crimes, which if true, should have sent him to the penitentiary; and yet upon an investigation of these charges it was demonstrated beyond all doubt, that he was not only innocent of them, but more than one hundred miles away when they were alleged to have occurred. A clearer case of innocence was never established in any court than was this one of Elijah Barnes. Republicans of Beaver county, bear this trial in remembrance, and never permit similar stories to influence you in the least in our future contests.

THE report of Gen. Grant, of which the *Tribune* alone published a synopsis yesterday mentions the remarkable fact that during the past year no fewer than 13,000 men have deserted from the army. The greater part of these desertions, we presume, occurred on the Plains, where it is well known that men often enlist in westward bound regiments for the express purpose of getting cheap and safe conveyance to the mining regions. During the last season, for example, more than half of the Seventh Cavalry (Custer's) decamped with their horses, arms, and accounterments, and probably made their way to the gold regions of Colorado and Mountana. A desperado who wants to reach the diggins, has only to enrol himself in some command bound for the Indian country, and he is pretty sure of an opportunity to make off when he has marched as far as he chooses to go. The number of recruits during the year was 34,000, so that the desertions reach the enormous ratio of nearly 40 per cent. of the enrollments.—*N. Y. Tribune 23d ult.*

THE Lost Cause men are greatly exercised just now in figuring up their Presidential ticket. A few New York politicians, who have charge of General McClellan, and who are at work in his interest, have forbidden his return at the present time to this country. It is therefore announced that he will spend the winter in Europe. They do not desire him to become identified with, or committed in any way to the financial, or reconstruction measures that are now before the country.

Other prominent members of that party believe in taking a regular, unadulterated, out-and-out copperhead, such as Pendleton of Ohio, or Seymour of New York. These gentlemen embody the genuine Democracy of the present day, and the Democrats who no longer desire to sail under false colors are persistently demanding the nomination of one or the other of them.

A movement some time ago, started at Washington and having for its object the nomination of Gen. Sherman, by the Democracy, was suddenly brought to grief by the General's speech in St. Louis, on the re-union of one of his old corps, in that city, a few days ago. In the speech referred to he made use of this vigorous language:

"How any Southern gentleman with these facts, plain and palpable, everywhere staring him in the face and recorded forever in the book of history, can still boast of his Lost Cause, or speak of it in language other than of shame and sorrow, passes my understanding, and instead of being revived, I know that their Lost Cause will sink deeper and deeper into infamy as time more keenly probes its hidden mysteries, and reveals them to the light of day."

Steadman of Ohio, is also referred to as having some friends who desire him to obtain the Democratic nomination; but from our stand-point, we look upon Pendleton's chance as the best, and therefore regard him as the "coming man" for the Democratic nomination in 1868.

THE Impeachment Committee made their report to the House of Representatives on last Monday. The majority report, signed by George S. Boutwell, Francis Thomas, Thomas Williams, Wm. Lawrence and John C. Churchhill, assume that the President should be impeached, and provide the following resolution to that end:

Resolved, That Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors.

Two minority reports are submitted—one signed by Jas. F. Wilson and Frederick E Woodbridge, and the other by Messrs. Marshall and Eldridge. The first of these two declares the President not guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors, such as call for impeachment, but hold him guilty of many wrongs and deserving of censure and condemnation. "His contest with Congress has delayed reconstruction, and inflicted vast injury upon the people of the rebel States. He has been blind to the necessities of the times, and to the demands of a progressive civilization, enveloped in the darkness of the past, and seems not to have detected the dawning brightness of the future. Incapable of appreciating the grand changes which the past six years have wrought he seeks to measure the great events which surround him by the narrow rules which adjusted public affairs before the rebellion and its legitimate consequences destroyed them and established others."

The members signing this report submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from the further consideration of the proposed impeachment of the President of the United States, and that the subject be laid upon the table.

The second minority report takes the ground that the President's course throughout has been justifiable, and that he is deserving of neither impeachment or censure. The persons signing this report assume that the other members of the Committee are actuated wholly from political motives.

The whole subject has been postponed until Wednesday, the 4th of December, when it will be brought up for debate and action in the House.

—A letter from Guilford, Conn., the home of the late Fitz-Greene Halleck, says: "On Sunday morning Mr. Halleck walked out for the last time, his object being to consult his physician, Dr. Canfield. The medicine prescribed afforded him temporary relief, but on Monday and Tuesday he complained of feeling very unwell, and during that period he received several visits from his physician. He retired earlier than usual on Tuesday, saying to his sister, Miss Halleck "I am afraid I shall not live till morning." A few minutes before 11 o'clock she went to his bedroom, and found him setting up in his bed. He said, "Marie, hand me my pantaloons, if you please." She turned to the other side of the room to get them, but before she reached her brother's bedside, he had fallen back dead—expiring without a moan or a struggle. And so

"He gave his honor to the world again,
His blessed part to Heaven, and slept in peace."

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 21, 1867.

SENATE.

The Senate met at noon and was opened with prayer by the Chaplain. The following Senators were present:

The President, Messrs. Anthony, Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Conness, Cole, Corbett, Conklin, Cragin, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Drake, Edmunds, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Harlan, Johnson, Jordan Morrill, Vt.; Morrill, Me.; Morton, Norton Nye, Patterson, New Hampshire; Patterson, Tenn.; Pomeroy, Ramsay, Ross, Sherman Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Trumbull Van Winkle, Willey, Williams, Wilson and Yates.

Mr. Sumner asked unanimous consent to introduce a bill for the further security of equal rights in the District of Columbia. He stated this was an exact copy of the bill passed at the last session, but not returned by the President. It therefore became necessary to pass it. The bill was read as follows:

Be it enacted, &c., That the word "white," wherever it occurs in the laws relating to the District of Columbia, or in the charter or ordinances of the city of Washington or Georgetown, and operates as a limitation on said citizens to hold any office, or to be selected, and to serve as jurors, be, and the same is hereby repealed; and it shall be unlawful for any person or officer to enforce or attempt to enforce said limitation after the passage of this bill.

Mr. Davis objecting, the bill was laid over.

Mr. Williams introduced a joint resolution amendatory to the joint resolution approved June 27th, 1866, authorizing the Court of Claims to rehear and examine for adjudication the claims of Richard W. Mead, deceased. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Edmunds offered the following joint resolution, which was read, laid on the table and ordered to be printed. He would call it up at an early day, and hoped it would be passed with entire unanimity:

WHEREAS, The public debt of the United States was, except when specially otherwise provided, contracted and incurred upon the faith and credit of the United States that the same would be paid or redeemed in coin or its equivalent; Therefore,

Resolved, That the public debt of the United States except in the case where in the law authorizing the same other provision was expressly made, is owing in coin or its equivalent, and the United States is hereby pledged to payment accordingly.

Mr. Wilson offered the following, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to communicate for the information of the Senate any facts or reports in possession of the Department, relating to the repeal of the tax on cotton.

Mr. Grimes moved that when the Senate adjourn, it be to Monday. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Morgan, it was ordered that the Senate meet at 12m. daily.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the bill for the calling out of volunteers to suppress hostilities, and the bill vacating certain municipal offices in Alexandria were indefinitely postponed.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House assembled at noon. The attendance of members was unusually large. The galleries were crowded before eleven, and many ladies were accommodated in the gentlemen's gallery. Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, was in his seat, apparently in as good physical condition as last session. The proceedings opened with prayer by Chaplain Boynton.

Messers Woodward, of Pennsylvania, and Cary, of Ohio, members elect, took the oath prescribed by law. The eight members elect from Tennessee having been called by the Speaker to take the oath, Mr. Eldridge objected to the administering of the oath to Mr. Stokes, and moved that his credentials be referred to the Committee on Credentials.

James Brooks, of New York, objected to the administering of the oath to any of the Tennessee delegation, on the ground, first, that two, if not more of them, had been guilty of treason to the Government, and had taken the oath of allegiance to the Confederate Government and Jeff Davis; and second, there does not now exist in the State of Tennessee a republican form of government. (Loud laughter on Republican side.) Mr. Brooks argued that the electoral law of Tennessee disfranchises a majority of its white citizens—the whole vote, of the State was 140,000, and yet 100,000, voters had controlled the election, 55,000 of whom were negroes controlling the 45,000 white voters who were not disfranchised. An oligarchy now existed and reigned in Tennessee, and the franchise law there was a disgrace to any free form of Government, a dishonor to civilization and a reprobation to all forms of republican self government. Mr. Brooks then stated his special objections to the swearing in of Mr. Butler, because as a member of the Tennessee Legislature before and during the rebellion, he had introduced, supported and voted for resolutions and measures proving his disloyalty to the United States. Among these were resolutions to reject the confirmation of any man to office who indorsed the Helper book, condemning the appointment of Mr. Seward in Lincoln's Cabinet as an act of hostility to the South, and for calling a convention to take Tennessee out of that Union. Mr. Brooks quoted the precedent established by the Republican side of the House last July in regard to the Kentucky members, and argued they were now irrevocably bound by it. Mr. Brooks then objected to the swearing in of Mullins, on the ground that he had given aid and comfort to the rebels, had made speeches in behalf of it, had lent his aid and support to it, had attempted to raise troops for it, and made a speech in Bedford county in 1861, in which he urged young men to enlist in a rebel company and defend their homes and firesides. Mr. Brooks also objected to the swearing in of Arnell on the ground that he had established in Lawrence county, Tenn., a tannery, which was devoted to supplying shoes to rebel soldiers. Mr. Brooks also objected to the swearing of Trimble, saying his information was that if he voted at all on the question of secession he had voted for taking Tennessee out of the Union.

Mr. Trimble (in his seat) assured Mr. Brooks he had not done so.

M. Brooks accepted the denial, and withdrew all special objection to the swearing in of Mr. Trimble.

Mr. Eldridge then stated to the House the ground on which he objected to the swearing in of Mr. Stokes. It was that Mr. Stokes had admitted in the House, 27th of July, 1866, to having written a letter to John Duncan, on the 10th of May, 1861, stating he understood some gross misrepresentations were going the rounds of his section in reference to his position which he (Stokes) wished to correct. That he had been a zealous advocate of the Union up to the time Mr. Lincoln had called for 75,000 troops in violation of the law for the subjugation of the South; that he commended Governor Harris, of Tennessee, for his course, and for arming the State and resisting Lincoln at the point of the bayonet, and he had enrolled his name as a volunteer to resist Lincoln's usurpations.

Mr. Logan expressed his gratification at seeing members on the Democratic side coming up to the mark. He was willing to have the matter of Butler referred, but as to Mr. Stokes, he thought if any man could wipe out a wrong, that noble man (Stokes) had wiped out the wrong of that letter in fighting for the Union, while some gentlemen were publishing treasonable articles.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, moved as a substitute for the pending motion that the credentials of Mr. Butler be referred to the Committee on Elections, and pending the discussion of the question, he be not sworn in. He (Dawes) understood the gentleman from New York (Brooks) to make his motion in good faith, and he assumed that that gentleman had made wonderful progress since last session, when he put himself on the ground that no charge of disloyalty, however flagrant and palpable, was sufficient ground for the exclusion of a member who held a certificate of election. He congratulated the country on this wonderful conversion. He trusted Mr. Brooks would continue his journey until he saw more clearly even than members on the Republican side what did constitute loyalty and disloyalty. The gentleman had also taken ground to-day that it was proper for the House to look into the Constitution of a State and decide whether it is Republican or not. He was happy for once to be able to stand with the gentleman from New York and vote with him. He welcomed him as a new convert, and expected him, like all converts, to take the lead and do works meet for repentance.

Mr. Kelley, of Pa., opposed all motions looking to the exclusion of any Tennessee members, and eulogized the character and services of Mr. Stokes. He wished the members of the South to know it was the party on the floor which did not acknowledge any place or time for repentance, which could not relieve them of disfranchisment, not for rebellion but for the holding of opinions in 1861 which they held to-day on the subject of State rights, and the degradation of the colored people.

The State Normal School for the District Comprising Allegheny, Butler and Beaver Counties—A Generous Proposition.

There was enacted by the State Legislature, in 1857, a law dividing the State into twelve educational districts, and contemplating the establishment of a Normal School in each, to be supported as a State Institution, and having for its object the thorough and complete instruction of those who may choose teaching as a profession for life. Under the provisons of the law there have already been four such schools established, viz: One at Millersville, Lancaster county; one at Mansfield, Tioga county, and one at Kutztown, Berks county. The law requires that before such schools are recognized as State Institutions, the projectors must furnish sufficient capital for the purchase of ten acres of ground, and a suitable building with accommodations for the boarding and instruction of at least three hundred scholars, and which must also contain a hall large enough to accommodate one thousand persons. In his last report, the State Superintendent of Public Schools stated that the policy the State has pursued towards these Institutions, is "to grant to each, at intervals, $15,000, to be used in purchasing ground and erecting and furnishing buildings and after the school had gone fairly into operation, to allow, under certain conditions, to each pupil designing to become a teacher, fifty cents per week and to all graduates pledging themselves to teach two full years in the common schools of the State, fifty dollars. Under this arrangement, pupils entering one of the State Normal schools, and being prepared to take up the studies of the Normal course proper, receive *ninety-two* dollars from the State, a sum more than equivalent to the average cost of tuition in these schools when paid by the pupils themselves. Disabled soldiers or sailors, or orphan children, whose fathers lost their lives in the service of the country, receive twice as much per week as ordinary students.

The district in which our readers are more immediately interested is composed of Allegheny, Butler and Beaver counties. It has long been decided to establish, under the provisions of the law, a State Normal School in this district, and the proper committee is now examining into the sites for the location which claim attention. The following gentlemen constitute the committee: Messrs. J. W. F. White, Sewickley; J. B. Lyons, East Liberty; James Kelly, Wilkinsburg; Col. W. Espy, Scott; and Prof. A. T. Douthett, Superintendent of Allegheny county Public Schools. At a meeting of the committee, held on Saturday, a very magnanimous proposition was made by Col. W. Espy, who deservedly ranks high among the public spirited citizens of this end of the State. He offers to donate for the site of the buildings six acres of ground in Scott township, and further guarantees a subscription of twenty thousand dollars towards the erection of the school. This site is all that could be desired, possessing advantages in point of location, general beauty and adaptability over any yet suggested. The Committee will further consider the proposition and the next meeting, which will be held at the Public School House, Turtle Creek, on Monday next, at which time and place other proposals will receive proper attention.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

"High Toned Swindling."

The Hon. F. E. Spinner, Treasurer of the United States, is not very complimentary to Mr. Stevens and Gen. Butler, who entertain similar views as to paying off government bonds with greenbacks instead of gold. The following is Mr. Spinner's letter:

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—*Hon. E. G. Spaulding Buffalo, N. Y.*—MY DEAR SIR: Your note of the 6th inst. has been received. If some one who believes in high-toned swindling, will write in favor of open repudiation, I will agree to give the subject the consideration of a careful reading, but I have not the patience to read anything advocating the sneaking expedition of paying the national debt in depreciated currency.

The Secretary of the Treasury is sound on this subject; and his forthcoming annual report will address an argument to the Congress and the country, that I am sure will please you and those who are neither knaves nor fools.

The finance question is to become the leading one in the organization of parties, and I had hoped that such men as Butler and Stevens would have remained with the great body of their friends. Having an abiding faith in the honesty of the people, I believe the question will be settled honestly, and that honest Americans will be spared the shame of having their nation stigmatized as a band of cheats and swindlers.

Very truly, your friend,
F. E. SPINNER.

A Terrible Tornado.

Our advices from various parts of the West Indies, giving details of the ravages of the late hurricane in the Carribean Sea, show that the brief account of the terrible storm first received by telegraph from Havanna by no means exaggerated the extent of the calamity. Coming from the Atlantic Ocean, the tornado burst in the first instance, upon the small Islands of St. Thomas and Tortola, both of which it swept with terrible fury, working immense destruction of property and life. It then advanced to Porto Rico, devastating the northern part of that island; and it ended its desolating course on the Island of Hayti, after laying a portion of the City of Santo Domingo in ruins. At all these places it made dreadful havoc with the shipping, scores of vessels, including several steamers, having been sunk or broken in pieces. At St. Thomas, it is estimated fully five hundred lives were lost; in Porto Rico over two hundred persons are supposed to have perished; in St. Domingo about as many are reported killed as in Porto Rico; and, although the news of the submersion of Tortula during the storm is hardly credible yet there can be no doubt that the storm has wrought fearful damage in that island likewise. Altogether, this tornado has been one of the most destructive of those terrible visitations to which the region it traversed is subject.

The Will of John S. Brady.

John S. Brady Esq., the eminent Attorney, who died in Washington county, this State, a couple of weeks ago, seems to have had a warm friendship for a large number of his neighbors and acquaintances. Before his death he made a will in which he bequeathed them a large portion of his property. Many of the legatees are well known by a number of our citizens. The bequests are as follows, as we learn from the *Review & Examiner*, published in that county:

To his sisters, Jane and Hannah Welty, of Westmoreland county, he devises lands in Indiana and Westmoreland counties, held by him in common with them.

To James Kelley, who has for many years resided on his (Brady's) farm in Greene county, he bequeaths a farm in Monongahalia county, W. Va., containing about four hundred acres.

All the rest of his real estate—consisting of a tract of land in Wetzel county, W. Va., containing three hundred acres more or less, a tract in Washington township, Greene county Pa., containing about two hundred and fifty acres; a tract in South Strabane township, Washington county, containing about two hundred and seventy acres; a tract in Canton township, Washington county, containing about one hundred and thirty-five acres, and occupied by Joseph Potter; a tract in North township, Butler county, Pa., containing about two hundred acres; and all other real estate owned by him and not particularly described, and not otherwise disposed of—he authorizes his executors to sell at either private or public sale, as they may deem best."

"To Alexander Murdoch, Esq., he gives a five acre lot on the Hickory road at the head of Washington borough."

"To Miss Isabel S. McKennan (now Laughlin,) daughter of William McKennan, Esq., he gives a handsome gold watch and chain to be purchased by his executors, and inscribed with the words, "Memorial from John S. Brady.""

"To Miss Rebecca Murdoch, daughter of Alexander Murdoch, Esq., five hundred dollars."

"To Miss Anna B. Montgomery, daughter of Robert Montgomery, of Lycoming county, Pa., one thousand dollars."

"To Rev. James I. Brownson, D. D. of Washington Pa, one thousand dollars."

"To Rev. William P. Harveson, of Portersville, Butler county Pa. (now of Amity, Pa.) five hundred dollars."

"To Mrs. Ann Valentine, of Washington, Pa., two hundred dollars, in annual instalments of fifty dollars."

"To John S. Brady Hammond, son of Maj. Geo. T. Hammond, of Washington, Pa., three hundred dollars, to be applied to the payment of his education."

"To the United Presbyteran church of Washington Pa., five hundred dollars."

"To the scientific Department of Washington and Jefferson College, established at Washington, Pa., five thousand dollars."

"To Mrs. Jane W. Acheson, wife of Judge Acheson, eight hundred dollars, to be expended by her in the purchase of a silver service set, to be suitably inscribed and kept by her as a memorial of his high regard for her."

"To Jane and Ann McCausland, daughters of his niece, Ann McCausland, of Westmoreland county, one thousand dollars each."

"To his niece, Ann McCausland, five thousand dollars."

"To Alex. Wilson, Esq., in trust, such portion of his law library as his executors may select, as the nucleus of a library for the use of the court and the contributors thereto. [The Court Library authorized by act of Assembly had not been established at the date of the will."]

As a memorial of the long and intimate friendship which subsisted between himself and William Waugh, John D. Chambers, William McKennan and Alexander Murdoch, all of Washington, he bequeaths as follows: To Messrs. Waugh and Chambers each a gold watch and chain, to be purchased by his executors, and suitably inscribed; to Mr. McKennan, fifteen hundred dollars, and to Mr. Murdoch, one thousand dollars."

"To Eli Harris, and John Keeny, of South Strabane township, this county, both of whom had lived on his farm in that township, as follows: Harris one hundred dollars, and Keeny two hundred dollars."

"He directs his executors to purchase a gold headed cane for each John L. Gow (now deceased), A. W. Acheson, Alex. Wilson, James Watson, Joseph W. Henderson, David S. Wilson, John D. Chambers, and John H. Ewing, of Washington, and Sobieski Brady of Wheeling, all to be suitably inscribed."

"To the Washington Cemetry he bequeaths five hundred dollars, to keep his lot in perpetual repair. He also directs that the bodies of his wife and child shall be removed from the old grave-yard of this place to said lot."

"After the payment in full of the preceding legacies, he devises the residue of his estate to his sisters, Jane and Hannah Welty and their representatives—five-sevenths to Jane, who has five children and, two-sevenths to Hannah, who has two children.

His brother Hugh V. Brady, of Westmoreland county, is released from a debt of seven hundred dollars. Beyond this he is silent as to his brother, believing as he says, that he has a competency. However, he directs his executors, in case he is mistaken in this belief to make such provision for the brothers comfort as in their judgment may be amply sufficient.

The will is dated in September, 1865, and William McKennan and Alex. Murdoch are appointed executors.

In addition to the above, we may state that it is rumored, and generally believed, that he gave to Miss Lottie Wilson, daughter of Major Wm. J. Wilson) for whom he entertained feelings of warm friendship, notes on his executors for the sum of two thousand dollars.

The estate of the decedent is estimated at one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

How we Stand.

We take a benevolent interest in the happiness of all men, and we trust we are not entirely deficient in the capacity to love our enemies as heartily as the average of good Christians usually do. But when a heavy trade in brag is done on a small cash capital of success, we naturally feel fearful of a collapse. And so we say, in all kindness, to our Democratic friends: We like to see you laugh, but we don't like to hear you lie. When *The N. Y. Herald*, for instance, declares that "not in one or two States only, but everywhere, the policy of the Radicals has been emphatically condemned," we fell like calling its attention to the fact that of the twenty-seven States now in the Union nineteen have Republican State Governments—Governor and Legislature—four, viz.: New-York, New-Jersey, Ohio and Connecticut, are divided between the two parties, and only four are Democratic, viz.: Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky, and California. Of these, the only Northern States is California, and there we were beaten by a split in the Republican party, and by local issues. Of the divided States, the Republicans have both houses of the Legislature of Connecticut by a majority of one in the Senate and thirty-five in the House, making thirty-six on joint ballot. In New-York we have the Governor, and a majority of six in the Senate; in New-Jersey we have the Governor (and Camden and Amboy has the rest) and in Ohio we have the Governor, with the prospect of being reenforced by the election of Vallandigham to the United States Senate. In Congress our majority is equally comfortable and satisfactory. Among the people the Republican party has a reserve, which was not called out in the recent Fall engagements, sufficient at a Presidential election to carry any Northern State, except Maryland and Kentucky. We can give the Democratic party two or three of our heaviest States, and still thrash them on the great national issues and candidates. In the ten Rebel States now being reconstructed we believe the Republican party can afford to make a very liberal extension of the right of suffrage to the classes of Rebels now disfranchised, and still carry more than half of the Southern States.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Our Work, North and South.

We are apt to forget and undervalue what we have done. As a party born in convulsion, and accustomed to the flush of victory, we take no account of success any longer, unless it comes to us emphasized by overwhelming majorities. Let us for one moment hastily recapitulate our achievements in the campaign of 1867. We have swept Colorado and Nebraska; we have carried Iowa by an increased majority; we have gained in Indiana at the local elections, taking every Congressional district but one.—We hold, after a fresh and fierce struggle, such States as Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Massachusetts, Kansas, Illinois, Michigan and Missouri. It is something to have repulsed successfully a desperate foe. More than all this, we have advanced on the old Democratic entrenchments and occupied them. Virginia has declared for a convention—and that is the first point gained in the conflict for State supremacy—by 30,000 majority; Louisiana by 71,075, and Alabama by 81,987.—Georgia, Mississippi, and Arkansas have followed suit, and in each of these six ancient strongholds of the Democracy we control, by working majorities at least, the conventions that are to draft the new constitutions and bring these States back into the ranks. Texas, North and South Carolina promise the same results. Is not this enough for one fall? Our "hearts are not bowed down with sorrow," however the result may have affected the Presidential breast.—*Phila. Press.*

A Remarkable Murder Trial in Albany.

ALBANY, Nov. 21.—A singular murder trial was concluded here this evening. Judson W. Palmer was indicted for murder in the second degree in killing Archibald Stevens, in the town of Coeymans, in October, last year. Palmer sought the hand of Steven's daughter, a girl aged 15. Stevens opposed the match, and threatened to chastise Palmer if he did not abandon the suit. An elopement and hasty marriage followed, and an hour after, Stevens who was in pursuit, came up with them near the house of a mutual friend. The young couple ran into this house, and hurrying into an upper room, fastened the door. Stevens soon burst open the door (both men were armed), and a struggle ensued, in which Palmer was considerably injured, and Stevens was shot dead.

The trial was before Judge Peckham. After the examination of several witnesses, neither counsel proposing to sum up, the counsel for the defense moved for the discharge of the prisoner without allowing the case to go to the jury. The District-Attorney objecting, the Judge charged the jury, virtually directing them to find a verdict of acquittal. After being out all this afternoon, they returned unable to agree. The Court inquired of the District-Attorney what he desired. That officer replied that he expected a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in some of the lighter degrees. The court declined to send the jury back, but discharged them and the prisoner, and a verdict of "Not Guilty" was entered by order of the Court.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hearing is Believing, but Seeing is the Naked Truth.

PHILADELPHIA BRANCH CLOTHING STORE, New Brighton, Pa., have just received from the East, a large and well assorted Sock of

CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps and Underclothing, which they intend to sell 20 per cent less than any Store in the county. Come and see before going elsewhere; and let your motto be, a dollar saved, a dollar earned.

JOSEPH SNELLENBURG,
nov27'67:3mos. Broadway and Falls street, New Brighton, Pa.

HERMAN HIRSH. MARK HIRSH. SIMON HIRSH.

HIRSH & BROTHERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CLOTHING,

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

NO. 29 ST. CLAIR STREET.

(Opposite Iron City College.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Clothing made to order on short notice.

nov27'67:1y.

Wholesale and Retail

HATS, CAPS & LADIES FURS.

Wm. Flemming,

No. 139 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS WILL FIND IT TO their interest to call and examine our Stock before making their purchases, as our facilities for doing a wholesale trade are not excelled by any house in the United States. [nov27'67:1y.

T. E. BATEMAN & SON,

Druggists.

THE ABOVE NAMED FIRM HAVE RECENTLY opened a Drug Store, on Main street, BEAVER FALLS, Pa., where there may constantly be found, a good assortment of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, LIQUORS, PERFUMERY, TOILET SOAPS, BRUSHES of all kinds, FANCY ARTICLES, GLASS, PUTTY, LAMPS, OILS, PAINTS, VARNISHES, DYE STUFFS, TOBACCOES, CIGARS, STATIONERY, &C.,

And all other articles belonging to the Drug business.

Physicians' Prescriptions

Will be carefully compounded at all hours, and all business in their line attended to promptly.
Beaver Falls, Pa., Nov. 16, '67.—nov27'67:1y.

JOHN CRAFT.....JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

JOHN CRAFT & CO.,

Real Estate and Insurance Brokers,

139 FOURTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WE HAVE A PRINTED REAL ESTATE REGISter containing a full description of location, price and terms of all the properties entrusted to our care for sale. These consist of Farms, Grist Mills, Houses, Lots, Stores, Coal Land, Coal Works, Coal Interest, Western Lands, Hotels, Tanneries, City and Suburban Property. This Register we print three times a year, on first of May, September and January.

Parties wishing to buy or sell Real Estate, no matter where the location, should not fail to consult our Register, a copy of which can be had by sending your address. September number now ready.

nov27'67:1y.

EVERYBODY LOOK AT THIS!

Reasons why you should Buy your

BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

RED FRONT SHOE STORE,

NO. 63. 63. 63. 63. 63.

FIFTH STREET.

1st. They sell as good Goods as there is made.
2d. They warrant every Pair they sell.
3d. They guarantee their Goods to do good service.
4th. They repair any thing they sell.
5th. They rivit all their work, making it most durable.
6th. Their work is the most elegant and genteel in the City.
7th. Their work is the most durable and perfect in the City.
8th. You can buy lower than at any other place.
9th. They are the best Goods and yet the lowest prices.
10th. Goods custom made, and sold less than trash elsewhere.
11th. The largest assortment to select from in the City.
12th, No trouble to show Goods.
Remember the best Goods for the least money, are to be had at

NO. 63. 63. 63.

FIFTH ST. PITTSBURGH, PA.

nov27'67:1y.

M. WILLRICH.....J. M. HARTFORD.

WILLRICH & HARTFORD

Have now Opened the Finest Selection of

FALL AND WINTER

BOOTS & SHOES,

Which they are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS

AND

LOW PRICES!

Call and examine our Stock

NO. 100 MARKET STREET,

Corner of Fifth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

nov27'67:1y.

ROCHESTER FOUNDRY,

ANDERSON, PATTERSON & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF MACHINE CASTINGS, Railway Trucks and Car Castings, Agricultural Implements, Engine and all other Castings made at first class Foundry. Also, Stoves, Grate Fronts, Grate Bars, Lauras Sash Weights, Hollow-Ware, Kettles, Iron Fence, and all other Castings called for, at short notice and of the very best metal.

Also, J. J. Anderson's justly celebrated New Cook Stove for Coal and Wood, which tops the

First Premium

At the State Fair recently held at Pittsburgh. This Stove combines many new and important principles which place it far in advance of all others now in use. Some of the merits claimed for it by the Inventor are Heavy Metal, Well Proportioned, Beauty of Style and Finish, Ease of Draft, Easily Kept Clean, Requires little Fuel, and the

BEST BAKER EXTANT.

All orders thankfully received and promptly filled.

We Call Attention to the Following Statements:

While living in the East I used several of the most Celebrated Cooking Stoves made in that part of the country, and on my arrival here, I was recommended to purchase the Crystal Palace Stove, as being the best. I did so, and used it with good satisfaction. When I saw Mr. Anderson's new Stove, I was astonished by its neat appearance, and on examining its Oven and interior arrangements, found it possessed many advantages over all I had seen. I purchased, and have one now in use. We consider it superior to any we have ever used. It is all the inventor claims, and we think, all that could be desired in a Cooking Stove.

CAPT. GILBERT PENDLETON.

Rochester, Nov. 3rd.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse Capt. Pendleton's statement.

JOHN B. WARREN.

Having one of Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse the above recommendation.

J. WOODRUFF.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, we are fully satisfied with its good qualities in all respects.

JOSEPH IRVIS AND WIFE.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 2nd.

Having kept house for a long time, and used a great number of Cook Stoves of different patterns and sizes, I consider J. J. Anderson's new Stove, in point of economy in fuel, ready cooking and baking in its size, superior to any we have used, and cheerfully recommend it, believing it will render entire satisfaction.

CHAS. LEWIS.

We have one of Mr. J. J. Anderson's new Stove, manufactured at the Rochester Foundry, and find it has been claimed for it. It bears very highly, takes but little fuel, and is a most excellent baker. Mr. Anderson may congratulate himself on having scored quite a triumph in the line of Cooking Stoves.

Very respectfully,
J. S. BAKER.

Beaver, Nov. 23d, 1867.

C. F. WINTER.....W. L. BEDISON.

WINTER AND BEDISON,

(SUCCESSORS TO C. F. WINTER,)

DEALERS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver and Plated Wares, Musical Instruments, Notions, &c., &c.

Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Store: Cor. BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS, NEW BRIGHTON, PA. [jan1'67

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE AND WELL FINISHED TWO story brick residence, situated on the North side of Third street, West of the Court House. Fine stable in front and water adjacent.

Will be sold low if application be made soon.

THOMAS M'CREERY,
Cor 3d Street and Public

The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, NOVEMBER 27, 1867.

Local and Miscellaneous.

The ARGUS has now a larger circulation than any paper published in the county. Advertisers will promote their own interests by bearing this in mind.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TIME.	2w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1y.
One square—10 lines	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00	$8 00	$10 00
Two squares	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three squares	5 00	6 00	9 00	11 00	18 00
Four squares	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
One-fourth column	7 00	10 00	18 50	16 50	25 00
One-half column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	40 00
One column	20 00	25 00	30 00	40 00	75 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00
Special Notices, per line.....10
☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except Transient Advertising, which must be paid in Advance.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending on the 23d of November, 1867:

	7. A. M.	2. P. M.	9 P. M.
November 17.	26 deg.	45 deg.	43 deg.
" 18.	35 deg.	37 deg.	30 deg.
" 19.	24 deg.	38 deg.	29 deg.
" 20.	29 deg.	48 deg.	35 deg.
" 21.	30 deg.	41 deg.	39 deg.
" 22.	38 deg.	44 deg.	42 deg.
" 23.	37 deg.	48 deg.	43 deg.

R. T. TAYLOR.

Mrs. Louisa Patterson, of Sharon, this county, is authorized to act as agent for the *Argus*.

Wm. Bingham, Jr., 54 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for THE ARGUS in that city.

New Advertisements.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day

Clothing &c.—Hirsh & Bros.
Hats, Caps & Ladies Furs—Wm. Fleming.
Real estate Brokers—John Craft & Co.
Boots & Shoes—No. 63, Fifth street.
Boots & Shoes—Willrich & Hartford.
Druggists—J. E. Bateman & Son.
Clothing—Joseph Snellenburg.
Foundry—Anderson, Patterson & Co.
Special Notices—Baleman & Son.
Special Notice—Craft & Co.
Special Notice—Wm. A. Fleming.
Special Notice—Willrich & Hartford.
Special Notice—Anderson, Patterson & Co.
Special Notices—J. H. Bence.
Special Notice—W. F. Clarke.

Admitted.—Our townsman, Jos. Ledlie, Esq, was admitted as an Attorney at Law, at the recent Term of the Court.

Thanksgiving Day.—Our readers will not, we hope, forget that to-morrow is Thanksgiving Day.—We trust that the entire community will suspend business on that day, and betake themselves to the duties &c., suggested by both the President and the Governor of this State.

Lost.—On Sunday evening, 17th inst., on Fallston hill, between Dr. Jackson's office and Dr. Garrard's house, a white woollen scarf with satin finish, red ends, tipped with swans down. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at either of the above named places.

A Colt for Barnum.—The smallest colt on record was foaled on Saturday by a mare owned by Wilson Arnold, Esq., of Charlton Tp. It weighs about twelve pounds and when last heard from was alive and "kicking," but will require care in rearing it.—*Wash. Reporter.*

We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the card of the Messrs. Hirsh Bros., in another column. From their long experience in the Clothing business, we are perfectly satisfied that they can offer superior inducements to all who may give them a call. They do not pretend to sell cheaper than any other house, but if you will call on them you will find that they can sell as cheap as anyone. Do not forget the No., 20, St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

Warrant Issued.—On last Tuesday evening, a warrant was issued here for the arrest of Joseph Trax, on a charge of perjury, preferred against him by Capt. E. Bates, of Vanport. The father of this young man is already in jail on a similar charge. The alleged perjury occurred in the Barnes-Odell libel trial. Up until the present writing young Trax has not been arrested.

"Gritty."—An exchange says: The oldest couple in Oldham, Mr. and Mrs. Boyd at Ironton. He is 109, and she 107. They get mad at each other every little while and threaten to obtain divorces. The other day the dame refused to sew on a shirt button for her spouse, when he indignantly inquired "If he had got to live so all his life."

Barn Burnt.—On Saturday evening, Nov. 9th, a barn owned by Mr. Onstott, of Moon township, this county, was burned to the ground. The barn contained at the time the fire occurred, a quantity of grain and hay, about 100 chickens and a couple of fine pigs, which were consumed by the flames. During the evening the family had been burning brushwood near the barn, and it is supposed that a spark from the fire ignited the hay in the barn, and in a few minutes envelopped it in flames. We presume it will be a heavy loss to Mr. Onstott, as his grain was mostly destroyed.

Fine Apples.—Messrs. Wilson & Brown of Bridgewater have our thanks for some large, fine apples, of the Russet variety. They keep a fine stock of apples on hand, and always sell as low as they can afford to. To-morrow is Thanksgiving Day; if you want apples or anything else in their line for that occasion, give them a call.

Run Off.—On Wednesday last, a horse attached to a wagon belonging to Thomas Wickham, of Brighton township, this county, ran away, breaking the wagon and harness to pieces. Mr. John and William Wickham were in the wagon at the time, and were thrown out; but luckily sustained no material injury. The horse in coming disengaged from the wagon ran a short distance, and was again secured. The accident was caused by the breaking of the holding back straps while going down a hill, which caused the wagon to run against the horse, thus causing him to run away.

Look Out for Him.—An exchange says that a peddler has been traversing the county, offering to sell a splendid paste for burnishing silver, and always asking for silverware to try its merits upon. At several places where he has been, burglaries occurred within a few days, and it is supposed that his peddling is only a pretence to learn who has silverware and where it is kept, so as to give his accomplices knowledge of the best places to visit. No doubt this scoundrel will take this section in his route, and we warn our citizens to be on the look out for him.

Court Proceedings—SECOND WEEK. Nearly all the causes on the civil list were compromised by the parties. A few were continued until next Term, on account of the absence of witnesses. The only one tried was that of Samuel Piersol vs. Thos. Neil, sr., for recovery of a house and lot in Freedom. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff. Reasons were filed, and a motion made for new trial. A decree of divorce was granted to Christopher H. Wineke, from his wife Anna Maria Wineke. Court adjourned in the forenoon of Wednesday last, to meet on the 2d Tuesday of January, at 10 A. M.

Fine Corn.—William Hamilton, Esq., of Ohio township, this county, made us a present last week of a bushel of ears of corn, the size and quality of which would be hard to beat by any of our farming friends.—There were but few ears in the lot that would measure less than 12 inches in length. Many thanks to Mr. H. for his kindness.

Mr. Henry Noss of Industry township, this county, has also left at our office, four ears of corn, raised on his farm the past season. They are large, plump and fine looking. The aggregate weight of the four ears reaches 6¼ pounds, and the largest one contains 990 grains.

Another Libel Suit.—On Tuesday of last week Gen. W. W. Irwin of this place began a second prosecution against J. H. Odell, the editor of the *Local* for libel. This makes the fourth suit against that person since the election, for libel.

Severe if not Fatal Accident.—On Friday last, a boy 17 or 18 years old, by the name of Shields while at work at the Cutlery works, in Beaver Falls, was struck on the head by the falling of a brick from the building, which fractured his skull so badly that his recovery is considered doubtful. He is the son of a widow, and was furnished employment at the earnest solicitation of his mother, and had only been at work one day, when the accident occurred. To the credit of the Cutlery establishment and other citizens of Beaver Falls, we may say, they immediately made up a purse of $125 for the benefit of the sufferer.

Programme for Teacher's Institute.—1st, Select Reading, by Miss Mary McGaffick.
2d, Declamation, by H. T. Hunt.
3d, Explanations in Arithmetic, by B. B. Lakin.
4th, Lecture—School Government—by Prof. R. T. Taylor.
5th, Periodical, by Miss Clara Donahoo.
6th, Resolved, that *rewards* are greater incentives to action than *punishment*. Affirm, M. B. Welsh, Esq., Deny, Rev. J. M. Smith.
Institute will convene at the Public School House, in Beaver, Dec., 2d, at 6½ P. M.
By order of Committee.

When four wood-larks, says Dr. Talmage, are allowed to do all the singing in the forest, and four seraphs all the singing of Heaven, then can our Protestant churches afford to depend for singing upon four persons who stand in the loft, with their throats, yet sore from singing at the opera, executing their fugue tunes and tormenting our good old hymns in the following style:

"Oh! for a man
Oh! for a man
Oh! for a man-sion in the skies."

"We'll catch the flee
We'll catch the flee
We'll catch the flee-ting hours."

"He'll take the pill
He'll take the pill
He'll take the pil-grim home."

"With reverence let the saints appear,
And bow—ow—ow before the Lord."

American Methodism.—We are requested to state that our townsman, Rev. J. K. Miller, has been authorized to act as agent for a very interesting work entitled "American Methodism," Rev. M. L. Scudder D. D. is the author, with an introduction by Rev. Joseph Cummings D. D. L. L. D. The volume embraces:

I. An account of the origin, history, rapid growth, and success, of the most remarkable religious movement of modern times.

II. It presents the connection of Methodism, relatively and influentially, with the present state of the Evangelical Churches of Christendom.

III. It exhibits the part Methodism has taken in forming the character of this nation, and its capabilities in this respect for the future.

IV. With the facts of its history, it reveals the providential manner in which the polity of Methodism was introduced, and its philosophy and adaptation as an efficient Ecclesiastical System.

V. It shows that Methodism derives its vital force from its experimental life, and its Brotherly and Evangelical spirit.

VI. It exhibits the collateral agencies of Methodism in accomplishing its work.

VII. It shows what were the opposing influences with which it had to contend, how it triumphed over them, and the noble character of the men engaged in the contest.

VIII. It is written in a popular and attractive style.

The volume will contain the portraits of eighteen Bishops (deceased and living) and other eminent ministers of the M. E. Church. It will contain 600 octavo pages and be furnished to subscribers in neat and substantial binding at the following prices, payable on delivery:

In extra fine English Cloth Sprinkled Edge, $3 50.
In extra fine English Cloth Gilt Edge, $4.00.

Proposals Solicited for Carrying the Mails in Beaver County.—The Postmaster General of the United States advertises for proposals, up until Wednesday March 4, 1868, for the carrying of the mails in this county, from July 1, 1868 to June 30, 1872.—The routes, numbers, &c are as follows:

2235 From Economy, by New Scottsville, New Sheffield, Sweetsylvania, and Green Garden, to Holt, 16 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Economy Wednesday and Saturday after arrival of Pittsburgh mail—say at 10 a m.
Arrive at Holt by 3 p m.
Leave Holt Wednesday and Saturday at 3.30 p m.
Arrive at Economy by 5.30 p m.

2236 From Beaver, by Holt, McCleary, Service, Harshaville, and Poe to Frankfort Springs, 22 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Beaver Wednesday and Friday at 8 a m.
Arrive at Frankfort Springs, by 2 p m.
Leave Frankfort Springs Thursday and Saturday at 8 a m.
Arrive at Beaver by 2 p m.

2237 From Beaver to Brush Creek, 7 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Beaver Saturday at 8 a m.
Arrive at Brush Creek by 10 a m.
Leave Brush Creek Saturday at 11 a m.
Arrive at Beaver by 1 p m.

2238 From Smith's Ferry, by Georgetown, Hookstown, Kendall, Frankfort Springs, and Florence, to Burgettstown, 21 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Smith's Ferry daily, except Sunday, at 9 a m.
Arrive at Hookstown by 10.30 a m.
Leave Hookstown daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m.
Arrive at Smith's Ferry by 8.30 a m.
Leave Hookstown daily, except Sunday, at 11 a m.
Arrive at Burgettstown by 3 p m.
Leave Burgettstown daily, except Sunday, at 3.30 p m.
Arrive at Hookstown by 7.30 p m.

2239 From Smith's Ferry to Ohioville, 9¼ miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Smith's Ferry Wednesday and Saturday at 10 a m.
Arrive at Ohioville by 11 a m.
Leave Ohioville Wednesday and Saturday at 12 m.
Arrive at Smith's Ferry by 1 p m.

2360 From Rochester to Beaver, 2 miles and back; service to be performed as follows:
From Railroad Station at Rochester to Beaver, twelve times a week and back.
From Railroad Station to Rochester post office, twelve times a week and back.
Between the office of Rochester and Beaver, six times a week and back.
Schedules, Making close connections with the railroad mail trains, to be arranged to the satisfaction of the postmaster.

2361 From New Gallilee to Darlington, 2 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave New Gallilee daily, except Sunday, at 9.30 a m.
Arrive at Darlington by 10.30 a m.
Leave Darlington daily, except Sunday, at 8 a m
Arrive at New Gallilee by 9 a m.

The person making the proposal must do so in the following form:

PROPOSAL.

The undersigned ——, whose post office address is ——, county of ——, State of ——, proposes to convey the mails of the United States, from July 1, 1868, to June 30, 1872, on route No. ——, between —— and ——, under the advertisement of the Postmaster General, dated October 31, 1867, with celerity, certainty, and security, for the annual sum of —— dollars.

This proposal is made with full knowledge of the distance of the route; the weight of the mail to be carried, and all other particulars in reference to the route and service, and also after careful examination of the laws and instructions attached to the advertisement.

Dated (Signed.)

This proposal must be accompanied by a guarantee of which the annexed is a copy:

The undersigned, residing at ——, State of —— undertake that, if the foregoing bid for carrying the mail on route No. —— be accepted by the Postmaster General, the bidder shall, prior to the 1st day of July, 1868, enter into the required obligation or contract to perform the service proposed, with good and sufficient sureties.

This we do, understanding distinctly the obligations and liabilities assumed by guarantors under the 27th section of the act of Congress of July 2, 1836.

Dated (Signed by two guarantees.)

In addition to this a certificate from the Postmaster, where the guarantors reside, must be appended. This certificate is as follows:

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, postmaster at ——, State of ——, certifies, UNDER HIS OATH OF OFFICE, that he is acquainted with the above guarantors, and knows them to be men of property, and able to make good their guarantees.

Dated (Signed.)

The acceptance or non acceptance of these proposals will be announced on the 31st day of March, 1868.

Taken to the Penitentiary.—On last Saturday one week ago, Sheriff Littell escorted two prisoners from this county to the Penitentiary, in Allegheny city. One was George Newman, convicted of larceny, and sentenced to serve four and a half years in that institution; the other was a colored boy named Sidney Richmond, convicted of a similar crime, and sent for sixteen months.

The Post Office.—We are requested to state that the Post Office, in this place, will be open on Thanksgiving Day from 9 to 10 A. M. and from 3 to 4 P. M.

THE 7'30 COUNTERFEITS.

Nine of the Principal Forgers in Custody—Over One Million Dollars Realized on the Bogus Bonds.

It was recently stated that arrests had been made by the United States government officials which were of an exceedingly important character, but the particulars of the affair were for various good reasons withheld. It can now be safely stated that the counterfeiters of seven-thirties and five-twenties, who have caused trouble throughout the country, are now in custody. Since the counterfeits were discovered at Washington, Mr. Wm. P. Wood, chief of the secret service division of the Treasury Department, has been actively engaged with his subordinates in endeavoring to apprehend the counterfeiters. His attention had been called previous to the discovery named, to counterfeit issues of one hundred dollar compound interest notes and fifty dollar legal tenders. After weeks of persistent and earnest labor in which he was assisted by United States detective Nettleship, residing in Newark, he was enabled to trace the authors of the latter counterfeit to the small village of Paulsboro, Gloucester county, N. J. and subsequently ascertained that the work of engraving and circulating the legal tenders was done at that village, as is alleged, by Wm. Spencer, alias Wm. E. Brockaway, and seven confederates. He then proceeded to gather sufficient evidence, with a view to fasten the guilt without doubt upon the parties named, and while engaged in this latter work he discovered the counterfeit seven-thirties and five-twenties, and compared the work upon the fraudulent bonds with that of the other counterfeits, and became satisfied that both counterfeits were the work of the same artist. Acting upon this theory he went quietly to work to fasten the crime upon the suspected parties. Having thus been fortified by evidence sufficient to corroborate the allegation, Mr. Wood made affidavit on the 19th inst., before United States Commissioner Whitehead, at Newark, against William Spencer and Hannah, his reputed wife, alleging that they were the principals in the extensive frauds upon the Government, and that they had been assisted by five other persons whose names are withheld. Warrants were at once issued for the arrest of Spencer and his wife, who were found by the officers of the law at St. James Hotel, in New York, on Friday, November 15th, where they were preparing to leave for Europe. They were taken to Jersey City and placed in a room in Taylor's Hotel, at that place, where they were guarded, the authorities not being able to make the examination in the case at that time. On Tuesday morning last they were taken to Newark, before United States Commissioner Whitehead, and bailed in the sum of $40,000 to appear for an examination during next week. The woman had the amount named on her person and readily produced it as bail.

The Paulsbore establishment was in operation as long ago as July, 1865, and it is estimated that the parties engaged in the business have netted upwards of one million dollars. The spurious issues of the notes and bonds were made from a lead impression of the genuine plates at Washington, secured by a confederate of the counterfeiters and the several branches of the transfer work were also the work of confederates. All the parties engaged in the counterfeiting have become wealthy, as a matter of course, and now reside in different parts of the country. Government officers have been dispatched to arrest them, and it is probable that they are now all in custody. Spencer is the owner of a magnificent residence in Philadelphia, and is said to be worth at least $200,000. When taken before the United States Commissioner at Newark he and his wife were fashionably dressed, accompanied by a colored nurse, who bore in her arms an infant child of one of the counterfeiters. The appearance of the man and woman was very respectable. Spencer is a tall, intelligent and gentlemanly looking man, and his wife, in appearance, very ladylike.

The government officials are now engaged in searching for the presses, &c., upon which the work was executed, and the probabilities are that they will be found. There are still many items of interest connected with this crime which are withheld and which will astonish the public.

Spencer when arrested maintained great composure, and not a sign of guilt manifested itself. When taken before the Commissioner he appeared not in the least excited or disconcerted, and coolly took from his pocket a small comb, with which he proceeded to comb his whiskers and hair. After brushing the dust from his coat and arranging his necktie, he seated himself in a chair and patiently waited for further proceedings. To one not familiar with the surrounding circumstances he would have appeared to be a retired Broadway merchant. He was not, however, unprepared for the difficulties in which he found himself, for he was accompanied by his counsel, Judge Stewart, of New York, and immediately upon arriving at Newark he summoned Wm. B. Gould, Esq., of that city, to his presence, and after a short conversation retained his legal service in behalf of himself and wife.

In addition to the above, it is stated that about two years ago Spencer resided in a house at Paulsboro, adjoining the residence of one Charles Adams, alias Langdon Moore, who was arrested charged with robbing a bank at Concord, Mass. It is probable that more light will be shed upon this prodigious scheme of the counterfeiters during the next week.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

See one of the Prize Cups awarded to A. Speer for his celebrated Port Grape Wine.—It is the best grape wine ever produced in this country, the standard wine for communion purposes, and the most beneficial for females and weakly persons. [1y.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.—Attention is called to the card of John Craft & Co., 139 4th St. Pittsburgh in this day's paper for the first time. If you want to buy or sell property, read it sure.

The latest styles of Ladies' and Misses' Velvet Hats, just came in this day, at 75 cts. each, at Bence's, 3d St. Beaver. Call and get one.

Second-hand Sewing Machine for sale cheap, in good order and warranted, call on R. S. Imbrie, Beaver Pa.

We call attention to the new advertisement of T. E. Bateman, of Beaver Falls. His building is new and very neat, and his Stock fresh and of the best quality.

Beautiful fall styles of ladies' and Misses' Hats, at 50 cts. each, at Bence's, 3d St. Beaver.

OPORTO GRAPE CULTURE.

This country is becoming noted for the enterprise of wine growers. New Jersey particularly, where the celebrated Port Grape Wine is made purely from the grape juice.—The following letter from an eminent physician who lives in sight of Speer's vineyard, will be of interest to our readers:

PASSAIC, Oct. 20th, 1865.

I hereby certify that Mr. A. Speer of this village has a large vineyard of choice grape vines, which are looking very fine. He also purchases a great many grapes, not as yet producing as many himself as is required to keep his stock of wine full. He has the Port Grape, the wine of which is held in high estimation and of which he has a large quantity on hand lying in his cellars, requiring age before he disposes of it.

R. A. TERHUNE, M. D.

The above wine can be procured of our druggists.

If you want an elegant latest style Velvet Hat for 75 cts. call on J. H. Bence, 3d St. Beaver.

A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.—The attention of our readers is invited to the wholesale and retail Hat, Cap & Ladies' Fur House of William Fleming No. 189 Wood St., Pittsburgh. As this is one of the oldest and best houses in the country we would advise all who want anything in the line of Hats, Caps or Furs, for their own use or to sell again, to call and examine the stock at this extensive and popular house before making their purchases. The advertisement will be found in to-day's paper.

Fancy Head Dresses for Ladies, at Bence's, 3d St. Beaver.

ANDERSON, PATTERSON & Co., of Rochester, have an advertisement in this weeks *Argus*. They are preparing to do an extensive manufacturing buisness in that thriving town. Those who have used their Stoves, &c., speak in the highest terms of them. The leading members of the firm are very clever, enterprising gentlemen and will endeavor to deal satisfactorily with all who may call upon them.

The cheapest beautiful Shawls, Hoisery, Hoods, &c., at Bence's, 3d St. Beaver.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Parties wanting anything in this line, will find it to their interest to read the Advertisement of Messrs. Willrich & Hartford, of 100 Market street, Pittsburgh, which appears in to-day's paper. They have on hand and are constantly receiving all the latest and most fashionable style of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, and by buying direct from the Manufacturers *for cash*, are enabled to offer goods at the lowest possible rates. Their long experience in the business gives them a very great advantage, and they can offer special inducements to country dealers, their facilities for doing a jobbing business being unsurpassed. Give them a call and you will be satisfied we are sure.

MARRIED.

McLAIN—STEWART—On Wednesday eve, Oct. 25th, 1867, in the M. E. Church, New Brighton, Pa., by Rev. J. J. McIlvar, Mr. R. S. McLain and Miss Maggie S. Stewart, both of New Brighton, Pa.

DIED.

MARLAND—On Wednesday morning, Nov. 20th in Brighton township, Frank, youngest son of William and Eliza Marland, aged 2 years.

WOLF—In Allegheny city, Sixth ward (formerly Manchester), on Thursday, November 20, 1867, Mary Ann, wife of Captain John Wolf, aged forty-two years.

McCUNE—On the 23d of November, in Boleeville, Pa., Mr. Thomas McCune, aged about 85 years.

BEAVER MARKETS.

(CORRECTED WEEKLY.)

BEAVER, Nov. 27, 1867.

Flour per bbl	$14 00	Eggs per doz	25
Dried Apples per bus	2 25	Butter per lb	45
Dried Peaches per bu	3 00	Hams per lb	25
Wheat per bus	2 50	Shoulders	16
Corn per bus	1 00	Sides per lb	18
Oats	60	Tallow per lb	12½
Flax Seed per bus	2 75	Lard per lb	15
Beans per bus	2 00	Candles per lb	20
Potatoes	75	Molasses per gal	1 00
Onions	1 00	Refined Oil	70
Corn Meal	1 20	Crude Oil	60

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
MONDAY EVENING, November 25, 1867.

Trade continues to languish, there being little or no animation whatever in our general markets to-day.—In hauling articles there was no material change from our last report.

APPLES—We have reported sales of 25 bbls russetts at $3 ₰ bbl; 75 bbls do at $2 75@3 50 ₰ bbl, and several sales of inferior lots at $1 90@2 25 ₰ bbl.

BEANS—Sales of new were made at $2 25@2 50 ₰ bushel.

BUTTER—We continue to quote choice butter in demand at 35@40c ₰ lb, as to quality and quantity purchased.

EGGS—Prices unchanged. We quote at 31@32c ₰ dozen.

BACON—There is a moderate trade doing. We quote shoulders at 12½@12¾c; sides 15c; S. C. hams 20c, and dried beef 21c ₰ lb.

POTATOES—Sales of peach blows from country wagons were made at 85c ₰ bush; from store we note sales at $1 ₰ bush. We quote Jersey sweets at $5 00 ₰ bbl.

OATS—Sales reported of 350 bush, from first hands, at 67c ₰ bush. From store we quote at 68@72c ₰ bushell.

CORN—Sales reported of 1 car new car at 90c ₰ bush; 3 cars old shelled, from elevator, at $1 20 ₰ bush, and 1 car do at $1 18 ₰ bush; also 2 cars new shelled from elevator, at 95c ₰ bush.

WHEAT—No sale reported. Millers are purchasing red winter at $2 50 ₰ bush, and white at $2 60 ₰ bush, at which prices they are amply supplied.

FLOUR—Trade moderate. We quote choice spring at $10 50@11, medium at $10 00@10 25; winter at $11 50@12 50, and white wheat flour at $12 75@13 00 ₰ bbl. Rye flour is quoted at $8 25@8 75 ₰ barrel, and buckwheat flour $5 25@5 50 ₰ hundred.

ROCHESTER, Oct., 24th, 1867.

We have this day associated with us R. A. Patterson in our foundry, for the purpose of conducting a general foundry business, under the firm name of ANDERSON, PATTERSON & Co.

nov18'67:tf. J. J. ANDERSON & Co.

Administrator's Notice.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Benjamin C. Jackson, late of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN, Adm'r.
oct23'67:6t New Brighton, Pa.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS!

CHRISTMAS GIFTS!

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!

HOLYDAY PRESENTS!

HOLYDAYS PRESENTS!

AT

MULHEIM'S!

AT

MULHEIM'S!

Bridge st., Bridgewater,

Bridge st., Bridgewater.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK, I have selected the largest and most varied stock of Variety Good ever offered in the county. I will sell as usual, at the lowest possible advance. To all my friends, I am thankful for past favors, and hope you will call and see me. It would be impossible to enumerate each and every article.

Our stock is equal to any retail Variety Store in the country.

B. MULHEIM.

HO!

FOR

BEAVER!

THE LADIES OF BEAVER COUNTY SHOULD know that

J. H. BENCE,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.,

Has a very large assortment of

LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS,

Which are being sold at prices to suit and astonish everybody. In fact, at and

BELOW COST.

Ladies in want of anything in the Millinery line can not do better than by calling on us.

WE CANNOT BE UNDERSOLD

In Beaver county, Pittsburgh, or any other man.

Also, a lot of new styles in Rugie Trimmings and Trimmings of every kind, just came in. Also, elegant Shawls, Hoods, Nubies, &c., at low prices. We are receiving new goods daily. Ladies call and see for yourselves.

J. H. BENCE.
nov27'67:2t. Third street, Beaver, Pa.

C. M. MERRICK ..... D. A. MERRICK.
C. M. MERRICK ..... J. K. BUCKLEY.

KEYSTONE STOVE WORKS

Car Factory Buildings,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

MERRICK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

COOKING STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS and
FENDERS, &c., &c.

Ruby Cooking Stove Nos. 7, 8 & 9.

THIS STOVE TOOK THE FIRST PREMIUM AT the State Fair as a Coal Cooking Stove, and also at the late County Fair. We use no scrap iron in their manufacture, but make them exclusively of No. 1 Pig Metal, and warrant them in every respect.

The Ruby has the largest oven in the market and consumes but little fuel in baking, owing to to our improved Grate.

GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS.

We are largely engaged in the manufacture of Grate Fronts and Fenders, which we enamel in an oven common, second quality and find finish. This enamel retains its lustre for a long time, will not burn off, and makes a much superior finish to that of Coal Tar.

SUMMER PIECES.

We are also making Sheet Iron Summer Pieces (for which we have applied for a patent) pressed up in a Hydraulic press. They are much lighter than cast iron, and much cheaper.

HEATING STOVES.

We claim the heaviest heating Stove in the market for the size, and use the best Stock in their construction.

Our patterns are not yet complete, but it is our intention to keep a general assortment in our line.

We also took the Premium at the County Fair for Castings generally, and we have entered in to the best use with the determination to use the best of Pig Metal and make good work.

We respectfully request a share of the public patronage, and would be pleased to see those wanting anything in our line at our woks.

Prices Low to suit the times.

MERRICK & CO.

nov20'67:1y.

COW WANTED.

ANY PERSON HAVING A GOOD, FRESH MILK Cow for sale, can find a purchaser by inquiring at the Prothonotary's office. [nov20'67:3.

NEW FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS!

—AT—

F. A. Fortune's

RED FRONT

—IN THE—

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER, PA.

The Cheapest and best Selected Stock ever offered to the citizens of Beaver County.

DRESS GOODS

DEPARTMENT!

French Merinos,
Cobergs,
Wool Delaines,
Poplins,
Wool Plaids,
Armures,
Common Delaines,
Baratheas,
and Silks.

DOMESTIC

DEPARTMENT

Brown and Bleached Muslins from 10 to 20 cents.
Prints 10, 12½ and 15 cents.
Crash Toweling 10, 12½ and 15 cents.
Tickings 12½ to 40 cents.
Barred Flannels, a large assortment, cheap.
Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, White, Red and Yellow Flannels, Table Diapers, Blankets White and Colored, Balmoral Skirts, HoopSkirts, Batting, &c., &c., all GREAT BARGAINS!

HOSIERY

DEPARTMENT!

Ribbed, Merino, White and Colored.
Ribbed all Wool White and Colored.
Plain Merinos White and Colored.
Ribbed Cotton Hose.
Childrens' all Wool Balmorals.
Mens' Colored and White Hose.

Hats and Caps for Men and Boys. Custom made Shoes and Gaiters for Ladies' and Children.

Call every body and see for yourselves if you are not yet convinced at.

F. A. Fortune's

RED FRONT

Dry Goods Store,

ROCHESTER, PA.

J. H. BENCE,

THIRD STREET BEAVER, PENN'A.,

Is just receiving a fine Stock of

THE LATEST STILES

IN

TRIMMINGS

Of Every Description,

Also full lines of

Millinery Goods,

HATS, TURBANS, BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FRAMES,

And everything in Millinery Line. We will have the thing the season all the

LATEST STYLES

Of HATS, TURBANS, BONNETS, &c, as soon as they are out.

Hats and Bonnets Altered, Cleaned, Done Over Cheap.

YARNS

Of Every Kind, Shade and Color.

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, all kinds of Hosiery, Goves, French Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Bugle Trimmings, all kinds of Buttons, Paper Collars and Cuffs, Lces, French Forms, Zephyrs, Infants, Waists, Linin Cloaks, Napkins, Tidies, Table Covers, Dress Cotings, Grenadines, Barages and other Veil Stuffs, fan.ion Batting, Men's Shirts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, &c

A good assortment of

EMBROIDERY

Always on hand.

Pinking and Stamping Done to Order.

Everything desirable in our line is added to our stock as soon as introduced in the market. Thanking our friends and the public for past patronage, I would respectfully ask a continuance of the same. It is our aim to please our customers. Our goods are seasonable and carefully selected, and old as cheap as any in this neighborhood or Pittsburgh.

☞ Give us a call and satisfy yourself.

J. H. BENCE.

Third street, one door below the Seminary,

sept25'67:3mos. Beaver, Pa.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

BARGAINS!!!

IN

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

AT

GEALY'S

NEW

Millinery, Trimming

AND

SHOE EMPORIUM!

TWO DOORS BELOW STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S WATER ST., Sign of the RED POST, BRIDGEWATER.

N. B.—I HAVE REMOVED TO THE ROOM formerly occupied by J. M. DICKEY, on Water st., where I will be glad to see all my old customers, and all others favoring me with a call.

I am now receiving a large and splendid Stock of latest FALL and WINTER Styles of Millinery, Trimmings, &c., &c., which will be sold very cheap.

MILLINERY,

Of every description—Silk and Straw Bonnets, Ladies' and Misses Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, &c., &c.

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds, for Dresses and Sacques, Gimps, Cords Laces, Chenellis, Eugene Ruffles, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELTS, BUCKLES, &c.

Furs! Furs!! Furs!!!

Large lot selling very Cheap.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gent's & Ladies, Paper Collars.

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, NECK-TIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WHITE SHIRTS, PAPER COLLARS, &c.

ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS, HOODS, NUBIAS, SONTAGS, &c.

Selling at less than cost.

Hosiery and Gloves,

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS,

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, VERY CHEAP.

SHOES.

Best assortment and cheast in Beaver county.

MILLINERY.

BONNETS ALTERED AND CLEANED, CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and Making on short notice.

MEN'S SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. MACHINE STITCHING.

CALL AND SEE ME.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

Two doors below Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery Store, sign of the RED POST Waterstreet, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

J. R. SPEER, M. D., AND A. M. SPEER, M. D. Having associated themselves together in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, respectfully offer their services to the public; the former in the various branches of the profession; the latter more particularly in the treatment of the

DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR.

Dr. A. M. SPEER having availed himself during the last fifteen years of the advantages afforded by the best hospitals and teachers in this country and in Europe, for obtaining a thorough knowledge of the structure and diseases of those important organs, will hereafter devote special attention to their medical and surgical treatment.

Office, No. 196 PENN ST., two doors from St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

Office hours—9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 5 P. M. sep17'67:ly

C. I. WENDT, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST,

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE ON LOCUST ST. between Railroad and Bridge sts. [my1'67:3m

HOWE'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RETIRED FROM the tailoring business, in Bridgewater, Pa., will in the future, devote his whole time and attention to the sale of Howe's Unrivalled Sewing Machines. His warerooms is in the building formerly occupied by himself and Mr. Miller, as a Tailor Shop. These Machines range in price from $65 to $8, and will be delivered in good order to persons purchasing them. An experienced person will accompany each machine sold, and the purchaser will be thoroughly instructed in its use.

He will also keep sewing machine needles, machine oil, silk, thread and all articles needed in sewing, and dispose of them at reasonable rates. Thankful to the public for favors heretofore received, he solicits, in his new business, a continuance of the same.

sept18:67:tf. JOSEPH BRAUN.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY

AND

PROVISION STORE!

Cor. Railroad Crossing and New York St.

Rochester, Pa.

By COE & DARRAGH

WHERE MAY BE FOUND

Family Groceries and Provision, Fish, Flour, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Oil, Pure Cider Vinegar, Syrups, Molasses, Salt, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars, Queensware, Willow-ware, Woodenware, and everything in their line; and they hope by strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of the patronage.

N. B. All kinds Country Produce taken at the market price.

COE & DARRAGH.

Rochester, Oct. 1st, 1867—oct9'67:ly.

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

THE FIRST PREMIUM Of a Silver Medal WAS AWARDED TO BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 20, 1865.

BARRETT'S

Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North, and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors, MANCHESTER, N. H.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Wholesale Agent.

AGENTS—JOHN MOORE, Beaver; MORGAN CRAIG, New Brighton. [June3'67:6m

NEW GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL TO HIS friends and customers for the generous patronage heretofore extended to him, takes pleasure in informing them that he has recently made large additions to his stock, and that he can now sell

Groceries

Of the very best quality, as low as they can be purchased west of Pittsburg. His stock embraces the best

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

And in fact everything in my line that is usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

FEED of all kinds kept on hand; and the best brands of FAMILY FLOUR can always be obtained at my store.

All goods delivered if required.

je19'67:ly. SIMON SNYDER.

R. A. WILSON.....HARVEY BROWN.

NEW STORE, NEW FIRM

AND

New Groceries.

WILSON & BROWN

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THEIR NUmerous friends and the public generally, that they intend opening a New Grocery Store, on

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

adjoining the Dry Goods Store of A. G. Hurst, on the 5th day of March.

It is their intention of having on hand, at all times, a full assortment of the

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES,

and they beg leave to state that they are determined to compete with all other dealers in the town or neighborhood, as their Stock of Goods are all new, and bought at the late great reduction, and selected with the greatest care by Mr. HARVEY BROWN, whose knowledge of the business cannot be questioned, having been with Mr. Arthur Harvey for many years.

They call particular attention to their stock of Teas and Coffee, as they flatter themselves they have something extra to offer as to price and quality.

The best brands of Family Flour always on hand. produce taken at all times at full market prices. *All goods delivered.*

WILSON & BROWN.

Bridgewater, Feb. 21, 1867—1y.

C. A. Decarme,

MANUFACTURER OF, AND DEALER IN, ALL kinds of CIGARS, TOBACCOS, SNUFFS, &c. &c.—Prices moderate. Motto: Quick sales and small profits. Shop on the corner, nearly opposite the Post Office, Beaver, Pa. July17,'67:tf.

SPEER'S

Port Grape Wine,

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.

ALSO,

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS Use.

VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.

Speer's Port Grape Wine,

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

TONIC AND STRENGTHENING PROPERTIES

are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect,

A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine.
Females use Speer's Port Grape Wine.
Weakly persons find a benefit by its use.
Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.
Sold by Druggists and Grocers.
A Speer's Vineyard New Jersey. Office, No. 343 Broadway, New York. [oct16'67:1y.

FALL & WINTER

GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

FOR FALL & WINTER WEAR.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH.

Shallenberger Bros.

SUCCESSORS TO

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

Bridgewater, Penn'a.

DEALERS IN

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES

Queensware, Hardware,

NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, BACON, FISH, GRAIN,

AND

Countr Produce

OF VARIOUS KINDS,

HARDWARE STORE!

J. S. WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, AND PUTTY.

AGENT FOR

EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

n2,'67.

Administrator's Notice.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Benjamin C. Jackson, late of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay.

oct23'67:6t. JOHN McLAUGHLIN, Adm'r., New Brighton, Pa.

GREEN APPLES

For sale by the barrel or bushel, at

nov6'67:4t. SHALLENBERGER BROS.

MALTBY'S NO. 1 OYSTERS

Fresh, 55 cents per half can, at the Family Grocery of

nov6'67:4t. SHALLENBERGER BROS.

CHOICE PICKLES in cider vinegar,
CRANBERRIES,
SWEET POTATOES,
CANNED FRUITS,
FINE SYRUPS,
And a full assortment of Family Groceries, for sale by

nov6'67:4t. SHALLENBERGER BROS.

Administrator's Notice.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Allen B. Ross, late of North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay.

JAMES WILSON, Administrator,
oct30'67:6t. Lawrence County.

Executor's Notice.—Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN GARROW, late of Hanover tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN A. GIBB, Executor,
oct16'67:6t. Hanover tp.

LAUGHING GAS!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN SUFFERING the untold miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. are ready to relieve you by the use of the great pain destroyer—LAUGHING GAS—and make their extraction a source of pleasure, rather than of pain.

All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at reasonable terms as by any good Dentist in the county.

Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa.
ja30'67—1y. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

Notice to the Inhabitants of New Brighton and Elsewhere.

I have this day associated with me in the practice of medicine, my son, Dr. W. G. Stewart, office on Bridge street, opposite public square, where we may be consulted at all hours. THOS. STEWART.

JULY 1st, 1867.

Dr. Thos. Stewart having had an experience of ten years in the investigation and treatment of Female diseases, and weakness, has at the request of many of his friends, consented to spend Monday's at his office, on Jefferson street, opposite the Methodist Church, New Castle, and Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week, at his office, in New Brighton, where he will almost exclusively devote his attention to the treatment of diseases peculiar to females. Persons wishing to visit the Doctor for consultation or treatment, will find him at his offices as above stated, from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m., where he will wait on them with pleasure.

Those requesting will be furnished with the names of many who have been treated by him.

Correspondence will address the Doctor at New Brighton, Pa., P. O. Box 126, where all communications will receive prompt attention.

july3'67:6mos.

BRIDGEWATER

MARBLE WORKS.

DAVID WOODRUFF, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

Monuments, Head Stones, &c., made to order.

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere: Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

y25'66:1y DAVID WOODRUFF.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned citizens of Beaver county will apply to the next annual session of the Pennsylvania Legislature for the creation of a corporate body with banking and discounting privileges under the name and style of the "Beaver County Banking and Safe Deposit Association," to be located in Beaver, Beaver county, Pa. The specified object of said Association to be the receiving of deposits in money and valuables, at the risk of the Association, for which a reasonable charge will be made, to be regulated by law, receiving deposits and discounting in accordance with the customs of other banking associations. The amount of capital to be fifty thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing to one hundred thousand dollars.

JOHN BARCLAY,	WM. ORR,
M. S. QUAY,	GEO. W. DAWSON,
W. W. IRWIN,	I. N. ATKINS,
D. L. ISBRIE,	JOHN MOORE,
JOHN CAUGHEY,	JOHN R. EAKIN,
J. S. RUTAN,	H. B. ANDERSON,
M. WEYAND,	D. M'KINNEY,
H. RICE,	J. WEYAND,
J. C. WILSON,	J. R. HARBAH,
GEO. W. HAMILTON,	

WILSON

AND

STEWART!

Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

(WITHIN A FEW DOORS OF F. A. FORTUNE'S DRY GOOD STORE.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED FOR inspection their large and well selected Stock of Fall and Winter

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS,

Direct from the Manufacturer, and of our own Manufacture, which we offer low, having bought at the late declines, and will be sold to suit purchasers. Our Stock is large in every department, and we defy competition. To be convinced is to try a pair.

All work warranted and mended by us.

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
apr24'67. ROCHESTER, Pa.

DAWSON & RICHARDSON

Beaver Falls, Pa.

HAVING JUST OPENED LRGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,

NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
NAILS,
DRUGS, &C.

Window Glass all sizes and double strength. Special attention paid to filling orders for large size window glass, &c.

Also,
LINSEED OIL,
CRUDE BURNING OIL,
BENZINE,
COALE'S PATENT DRYER,

Paints of all Colors, Ground, Dry and in Oil.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock of Paints before purchasing elsewhere.

Also, Choice Brands of Flour in Barrel and in Sacks. All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Remember the place, first door above the Cutlery, opposite side of street.

jy10'67:tf.

New Fall Goods!

NEW STYLES!

Just Received at Reduced Prices,

AT

S. J. Cross & Co's.,

OLD STAND,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

WE NOW HAVE FRESH FROM THE EAST, AT VERY LOWEST FIGURES.

Prints in Great Variety,

Delaines in Fancy & Solid Color,

COBUBGS,
ALPACCAS,
MERINOS,
GINGHAMS,
FLANNELS,
TICKING,
CANTON FLANNEL,
SHIRTING CHECK,
JEANS,
TWEEDS,
CASINETS,
CASSIMERES,
LADIES CLOAKING,
WATER PROOF CLOTH,
BLACK and BROWN,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
NOTIONS,
BLEACHED and BROWN MUSLIN,
WHITE GOODS, &c., &c.

A large and entirely New Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
VESTS,
PANTS,

PEA JACKETS,
SACK COATS,
DRESS COATS,
OVER COATS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, of all kinds.

Our usual Stock of

Hardware.

Has been largely increased by recent purchase in the East, at Panic Prices.

To this department consisting of Mechanics Tools and all kinds of Building and Housekeeping, Hardware, Cutlery and Nails, we would especially call the attention of constructors and builders.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL,

PAINTS IN ALL COLORS,

GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.

TURPENTINE, BENZINE and DRYER.

These goods have materially declined in price. And in this, as in the Hardware Department. We are determined not to be outdone by any house in the county.

OUR STOCK OF

Groceries.

FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISION,

is as usual, full and complete.

We deliver all heavy goods free of charge. Take all kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE

at highest Market value.

We thank our customers for past patronage and solicit a continuance.

S. J. CROSS & CO.

NEW YORK STREET,

NEAR RAILROAD CROSSING,

Rochester, Pa.

jan2'67:1y

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS.

I have just received a new stock of Goods of the

LATEST STYLES,

FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

J. G. BRAUN,
Broadway, New Brigton, Pa.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL THOSE WHO suffer from disease of Liver and Stomach, such as Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Waterbrash, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, &c.

DR. BOLLINGER'S HEADACHE AND ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

Are the most perfect remedy, ever brought before the public, for all diseases of the Liver and Stomach.

They act as a CATHARTIC without weakening the Stomach or Bowels, but on the contrary give to tone those organs, driving away all Melancholy Feelings, infusing new Life and Vigor into the System.

For sale by all Druggists and Country Merchants, throughout the Country.

J. HENDERSON & BRO'S., 266 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Agents.

oct3'67:1y.

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP,

In Fallston Beaver County, Pa.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns and styles of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market, among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. There are five sizes of this plow, all of which I manufacture and keep for sale; also "Patent Lever"—right and left—"Mountain King,"—right and left—"Side Hill," and nearly all the different kinds in use.

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES.

Having made several important improvements on the "Climax," by which coal or wood can be supplied without lifting lids, and having two places for pipe, either or both of which can be used at the same time, with a ventilation to the oven, thus having the advantages of a Cooking Stove, Bake oven and Franklin Stove combined. This Stove has been in constant use for twenty years, and many of them after being used for this period of time, are now in good order. There is but a small portion of this stove that ever burns out, and this is easily and cheaply replaced. To make them still more lasting, we are now putting in tile or fire brick lining. Our other patterns are the Enterprise, Keystone and Premium. Parlor Stoves, large and small heating Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Jenny Lind's, &c. Grate and Grate Fronts, Fenders, Iron Railing of various styles, Wagon Boxes, two Irons, Tire Benders, Corn Shellers, Force and Cistern Pumps, Sad Irons, Metal Sinks for kitchen, Sheet Iron and Tinware, always on hand and made to order. In fact, I manufacture and keep for sale, almost everything wanted in the machinery or hardware line.

In addition to our other Stoves, we are now making two new patters, No. 7 and 8, of the Great Republic, which are taking captive, the best cooks and housewives in the country.

Second hand stoves always for sale cheap. Two good new engines, suitable for saw-mill or shop purposes now on hand, and will be sold reasonable.

mar13'67—1y. JOHN THORNILEY.

A. S. Harvey,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

AND

Hardware.

HAVING ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL selected Stock of

Teas,	Rice,
Coffee,	Cheese,
Sugar,	Soaps,
Molasses,	Bacon,
Syrups,	Fish.

Hardware.

NAILS AND WINDOW GLASS.

STONEWARE.

Pine Churns,	Peck Measures,
Oak Churns	½ Bush. Measures,
Willow Baskets,	Split Baskets.

Pure Cider Vinegar.

ALSO

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR

By the Barrel or in Sacks; constantly on hand.

Prices very low, call and see.

oct2'67:1y. A. S. HARVEY, Bridgewater, Pa.

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER,

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,

Medicines,

CHEMICALS,

PURE

LIQUORS, WINES And Brandies,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES,

PATENT MEDICINES

In great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box; Cheesman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest Stock of

LAMPS & LAMP TRIMMINGS, LANTERNS, STATIONERY, WINDOW GLASS & PUTTY.

Ever offered outside of the city at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else.

Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

July1'67 J. MOORE.

Coal and Nut Coal for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED THANKFUL FOR THE patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and surrounding country, that he is still prepared to furnish an excellent article of Coal and Nut Coal, on short notice, either delivered, or at the Bank, on the best of terms. The Bank is located on M'Kinley's Run, near Rochester, Pa. Orders left there, or at the Store of Thomas Allison, in Bridgewater, or at the Prothonotary's office in Beaver, will be promptly filled. Capt Sealy is Agent, Rochester, Pa.

J. C. MOLTER,
jy1'67:1y. Bridgewater, Pa.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

WILSON & UNDERWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

TEAS,

AND

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 15, SOUTH WEST DIAMOND,

(Adjoining Depler Hotel,)

Allegheny City, Pa.

☞ One of the cheapest and best Wholesale and Retail Stores in the two cities. Call and examine our Stock and Prices. [my29'67:0m

SPRING FASHIONS!

1867.

BRIDGE STREET, BRID GEWATER,

NEW ASSORTMENT MILLINERY WILL BE opened at my old stand, lately occupied by Mr. Gealy, on Thursday, March 14th. I wish to inform my old friends, and as many new ones as will please patronize me, that I am now receiving an entire new tock of Millinery, of the latest Spring Styles, and will e pleased with an early call.

mar 13'67:1y. MRS. S. REES.

WILL F. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

Fashionable Hatters,

No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Between Liberty and Penn Sts., opp. St. Clair Hotel.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS,

Of every style and quality, at the very lowest prices.

may22'67:1y

Origin and History of the Books of the Bible.

BY PROF. CALVIN. EASTOWE, D. D.

A WORK OF REAL VALUE, AND AN ALMOST indispensable companion of the Bible, showing what the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use it; answering all the objections to its authenticity urged by modern infidels, and tracing the authority of each book up to its inspired authors, giving a vast amount of information heretofore locked up in very rare and costly volumes, making one of the most popular books ever published.

1000 AGENTS WANTED.

Experienced agents, clergymen, ladies, school teachers and others should send at once for circulars giving further information. Address,

ZEIGLER, M'CURDY & CO.,
se25'67.4mos. 501 Chestnut Street, Phil'a., Pa.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that from this date, they will sell lumber at the following rates, viz:

Hemlock Joists and Studding,	$15 per m.
frame timber any length or size,	$16 per m.
Pine " "	$22 to 25 per m.
" Joists and Studding,	$30 per m.
No. 1, Common plank,	$30 per m.
Good "	$20 & 22 per m.
No. 1, Clear plank,	$50 per m.
" Panel stuff, faced,	$40 per m.
" " "	$30 per m.
A No. 1, faced boards,	$40 per m.
" " 2, "	$30 & 35 per m.
Common Boards, faced,	$25 per m.
A No. 1, 1st common boards,	$32 per m.
Good common boards	$20, 22, 25 per m.
Flooring, a No. 1,	$35 per m.
" " 2, "	$30 per m.
A No. 1, Shingles,	$6 per m.
" " 2, "	$4 per m.
Lath	$4 per m.

jy17'66: J. & H. DARRAGH.

New Fall Goods!

AT

T. M'CREERY & CO'S.

BEAVER, PA.

WE HAVE RECEIVED THE PAST WEEK, A full line of desirable Goods, which makes our assortment complete.

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
FRENCH MERRINOS,
WATER PROOF and
EMPRESS CLOTH,
LADIES CLOAKING all Colors,
PARRIS PLAID FLANNEL,
CALICO and MUSLIN,
STEUBENVILLE JEANS
and FLANNELS,
MERINO SHIRTS
and DRAWERS,
OVER COATS,
DRESS and
BUSINESS COATS,
PANTS and VESTS

Also, a good assortment of

GROCERIES, SALT, NAILS, GLASS, BOOTS and SHOES,

Which will be sold at former prices, before the war. Call and see for yourselves, we are determined no fair dealing house shall undersell us.

nov6'67:1m.

UNION

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ROCHESTER, PENNA.,

A. B. SMITH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

MANUFACTURE MOWERS, REAPERS, Railway or Endless Chain, and Lever Power of various sizes, Threshers and Separators, Farm Mills, Cider Mills, Cane Mills and Sorghum Evaporators, Corn Shellers, Dog Powers for Churning, and all other Agricultural Machinery.

REPAIRING AND JOBBING

Of all kinds done on short notice. Machines of any kind built for parties.

Having had an experience of fifteen years in Patents and Patent Business, we are prepared to make Models, Applications, &c., for parties desiring to take out Patents.

Having fitted up our Factory with

NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY,

Selected from the best Eastern makes, in person, and employing none but the best Mechanics, we are prepared to do work in the best style and manner.

Having secured the services of A FIRST CLASS PATTERN MAKER, we are also prepared to make any kind or style of Patterns.

Particular attention paid to Repairing Mowing and Reaping Machines, and machinery in general.

We solicit, and hope by attention and care to merit, the patronage of parties wishing work done. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Address A. B. SMITH & CO.
my20'67:1y Rochester, Pa.

LAUGHING GAS

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, Burrowstown, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better than at any oth er Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my9'67:1y

DOCTOR A. W. ACHESON,

BEAVER, PENN'A.

In the old "Hugh Anderson Property" on 3d street, a few doors west of the COURT HOUSE.

jy3'67:tf.

Beaver Salt Manufacturing Co.

THIS COMPANY IS NOW MANUFACTURING, and prepared to sell a superior article of salt at their works, on Raccoon Creek, ½ mile from the Ohio river. All orders left at the Works, or letters addressed to S. B. French, Beaver, Pa., will receive prompt attention. [jy18'67:tf.

Executor's Notice.—Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of Hugh Leeper, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES LEEPER, Executor.
ROBT. LEEPER, Greene tp.
oct23'67:6t.

NEW CARPETS.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS

NO. 51 FIFTH STREET,

ARE NOW RECEIVING THE

FALL STYLES

OF

CARPETING,

Oil Cloths, &c.

BORDERED

CRUMB CLOTHS,

HEAVY AND EXTRA WIDE

Felting & Druggets,

BY THE YARD.

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

LOW PRICED INGRAINS,

AND

SUPERIOR RAG AND COTTAGE CARPETS.

M'CALLUM BROS.,

51 FIFTH STEET.

BETWEEN SMITHFIELD AND WOOD.

oct16'67:1y.

NEW GOODS

JUST ARRIVED

Dress Goods,
Muslins,
Casimeres
Tweeds,
Jeans,
Notions,
&c., &c.

CHEAPER THAN EVER

TO BE HAD AT

ORR & DAWSON'S,

Third Street, Beaver Penn

CASH PAID FOR WOOL

aug21'67:ly.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1868.

HARRISBURG DAILY TELEGRAPH.

Full Report of Legislative Proceedings.

Telegraphic News from all Parts of the world.

More than eleven years have elapsed since the undersigned undertook the hazardous task of establishing a daily paper at the Capitol of the State. In 1856, on the 7th day of October, the Daily Telegraph was first projected by the present proprietor, and we need not tell our readers that great doubts existed in the mind of many of our friends of our ability to sustain the same, with the limited means at command. But a fixed determination, energy and industry have crowned our effort with success, and the Telegraph to-day bears abundant testimony that it is a permanent institution of the Capital City.

When we remember that we started with but one Washington and an old wooden power press, which was sufficient to do all our press work at that time, we feel exceedingly gratified to inform our readers that it requires now one large double cylinder Taylor press, two large single cylinder Taylor presses, a job press and a large iron hand press, to supply the wants of the public, and the same increase in proportion of all other printing materials. The size of the daily is to day twice as large as when we started the same, and we should not be surprised if we are compelled again to enlarge it before the close of the present volume. It is now the largest daily published outside of the commercial cities in the State.

Proceedings of the Legislature and Congress.

It shall be our aim during the next winter to furnish complete and full reports of the proceedings of the National and State Legislatures, together with full telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world.

The political complexion of the paper is so well known that we need not refer to it, and we can assure our Republican friends that notwithstanding the slight reverses during the past year we do not intend to take any step backward. Such is not the desire of the Republican party, and we shall enter into the next presidential contest with renewed vigor.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

The Daily will be furnished to mail subscribers at the following rates, viz:

One copy during the session of the Legislature	$1
Ten copies during the same period, in one package	5
One copy daily per year	6
Ten copies, in one pack, for the same period	50

THE WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

Will be printed, as heretofore, on a large sheet, containing not only contain all the important matters published in the Daily, but also additional reports of the markets, &c., and extended notices of political matters of the State at large.

The ensuing Presidential campaign will be of the greatest importance, and we hope that every Republican in the State will assist us in circulating such documents as will bring the truth to every fireside in the country.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY.

The Weekly will be published regularly every Wednesday morning at the following rates, viz:

One copy, weekly, for one year	$2
Five copies, weekly, for one year, in one package	8
Ten copies, for one year, in one pack	15
Twenty copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack	30
Fifty copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack	50

We have placed the price of our paper to clubs at the very lowest rates, and we hope to receive orders from our friends promptly. Address

GEORGE BERGNER.